THE

Bombay Gazette.

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No. 55,534—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
9th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	...	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000	...	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	...	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000	...	...
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10850	...	...
9th "	ARABIA	8000	...	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000	...	...
30th "	PERSIA	8000	...	...
6th "	MARMORA	10850	...	...
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000	...	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000	...	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	EGYPT	8000	...	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000	...	...

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

"INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 589 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES, Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.

BERTHS — Carefully Selected.

STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.

HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.

BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.

PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

Steamer.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about 1912	Due Bombay about 1912	Leave Karachi about 1912	Leave Bombay about 1912
City of Birmingham	7000	1912	1912	1912	1912
City of Sparta	5415	...	...	13 Jan.	15 Jan.
City of York	7810	...	8 Jan.	20 Jan.	1 Feb.
City of Glasgow	6529	13 Jan.	5 Feb.	27 Feb.	29 Feb.
Trafford Hall	5321	23 Jan.	16 Feb.	13 Mar.	...
City of Calcutta	7342	26 Jan.	19 Feb.	16 Mar.	23 Mar.
City of Athens	5594	30 Feb.	13 Mar.	6 Apl.	...
City of Vienna	4672	...	...	...	13 Apl.
City of Birmingham	7000	2 Mar.	25 Mar.	17 Apl.	...
City of York	7800	13 Mar.	4 Apl.	27 Apl.	29 Apl.
City of Sparta	5415	26 Mar.	15 Apl.	11 May	...
City of Glasgow	6529	10 Apr.	3 May	25 May	27 May

N.B.S.—All or above steamers have second class accommodation except the s.s. City of Vienna, and Trafford Hall.

Fares	1st class Single	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To Marseilles	576	864	429	649
" London via Marseilles	652	1,091	489	809
" Liverpool	603	957	462	705

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All the ships have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B.I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

JOINT SERVICE in connection with

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained.

Through Bookings to AMERICA in conjunction with the Cunard LINE.

For passages and full particulars apply to :—

Bombay :—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ld.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

4 inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
5½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *
If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 1 per 1,000.
6 12-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 1-2 per thousand*
If printed on flap Re. 1 per thousand.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer,	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1225	Thurs.	4th Jan.	9 a.m.	*C. M.
Linga	2184	Fri.	5th Jan.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	8th Jan.	11 a.m.	‡ via P. D. & O. M.

*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S.S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 4th Jan, calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S.S. "Falilana," 2998 tons, on Wednesday 10th January, calling at Veraval, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S.S. "Palamcotta," 3418 tons, on or about 25th January, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mosambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "Laudaura" 3358 tons on or about 13th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct),

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, durma, straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, BOMBAY.

4th January, 1912.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th Jan. 1912.
Cleopatra	4039	E. Seberich	1st Feb. "
Habsburg	3979	D. Cosulich	16th Feb. "
Semiramis	3999	...	1st Mar. "
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th " "
Cleopatra	4039	E. Seberich	1st April "
Habsburg	3979	D. Cosulich	16th " "
Semiramis	3999	...	1st May "
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th " "
Cleopatra	4039	E. Seberich	1st June "

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about.
Persia	5395	S. Cilunak	26th Feb. 1912
Nippon	6350	E. Tarabochia	28th Mar. "
Vorwaerts	5990	E. Dannecker	27th April "
† Austria	7588	G. Raicich	23th " "
China	6017	P. Pavisich	28th May "
Fr. Ferdinand	9046	B. Cobol	27th June "

† Will not call at Karachi.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES. ACCELERATED LINE.

First Class—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 500	
To Trieste or Venice and back	" 750	
To London via Trieste	" 579	to 644*
To London via Trieste and back	" 905	" 1,033*

Second Class—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 350	
To Trieste or Venice and back	" 525	
To London via Trieste	" 429	to 419†
To London via Trieste and back	" 633	" 723†

* Fares according to class of Railway.
† Fares according to Route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

Saloon Class—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450	
To Trieste or Venice and back	" 675	
To London via Trieste	" 529	to 594*
To London via Trieste and back	" 833	" 963*

* Fares according to Route and class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messagaries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servisi Martitimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG,

SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Tons	Captain	To sail about
Vorwaerts	5990	E. Dannecker	24th Jan. 1912.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO, Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.

52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., TURNER MORRISON & Co., Agents.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission. GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO., 86 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

ESTABLISHED, 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agents throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made on ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manila
Calcutta	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Moji
Madras	Singapore	Yiello
Rangoon	Malacca	Hongkong
Colombo	Penang	Canton
Karachi	Kuala Lumpur (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Amritsar	Klang (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Lahore	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Tientsin
Penang	Bangkok	Hankow
Java	Batavia	Peking
Saigon	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Haiphong (Ports in F. I.)	Semarang	Kobe
	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue, TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half yearly Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG, Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906,
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

"Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application."

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

P. STRINGFELLOW, Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, LONDON, E. C.
CALCUTTA OFFICE:
103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
CALLED UP £400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application:
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON, Manager.

BOMBAY RACES.

GOERZ TRIEDER BINOCULARS.

No. 20. Linear magnification 6 x. Surface magnification 36 x. Actual field of view 6·7. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 110.

No. 40. The extreme magnifying power of this glass renders it useful for all occasions where a distinct image of objects at great distances is required. It is the best glass for use in the Army and Navy or at Races, but is not suitable for the Theatre. Linear magnification 12 x. Surface magnification 144 x. Actual field of view 3. 4°. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 144.

GOERZ PAGOR BINOCULARS.

The smallest Prism glass. A Telescope in Opera size. Army and Sporting models. Small, handy and convenient in form, the "Pagor" may be easily carried in the pocket. Definition sharp and clear. Focussed in the same manner as the ordinary Opera glass by the rotation of a small wheel. x 8 weight 10½ oz. x 10 weight 11 oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8 and Rs. 133.

GOERZ NEO-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

These glasses give increased Stereoscopic effect. Enlarged field of view, great illumination of the pictures. Focussed by rack and wheel. Right ocular separately adjusted to allow for inequality of vision, x 8 diameters Field of view. Actual 6, 4° with leather case and slings. Weight 18½ oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8

GOERZ HELI-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

The features of this glass are increased stereoscopic effect and illumination. Enlarged field of view. Focussed by rotation of the oculars. Damp proof, specially constructed for India. x 8 diameters. Field of view: Actual 6, 4° with leather case and sling. ... ... Price Rs 122-8.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS

HAVE JUST CLEARED A FRESH CONSIGNMENT

of "ALL GOLD" brand of California Fruit, in large 2½ lbs. tins, comprising the following selection :—

CLING PEACHES,
GREEN GAGE PLUMS,
ROYAL ANN CHERRIES,
APRICOTS,
BLACKBERRIES,
BARTLETT PEARS.

Re. 1 per tin, or in cases of two dozens assorted, Rs. 22-8 per case.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. BOMBAY

W. J. K. HEGARTY, Acting Manager.

RUSSO ASIATIC BANK.

Capital (Fully Paid)	Rbls. 35,000,000	= say £3,690,000
Capital (subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Government) Kouping Taels	" 3,500,000	= say £ 455,000
Reserve Fund	" 19,500,000	= say £2,055,000
		£6,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ST. PETERSBURG.
LONDON OFFICE:—61, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Askhabad	Hankow	Paris
Bakou	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokhara	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tientsin
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchwang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other Branches throughout Russia and Siberia.

Current Accounts opened and interest allowed thereon at 2½ per cent per annum on balances up to Rs. 1 lac, above that by special arrangement. Fixed Deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security and all description of Banking business transacted.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY, Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	... Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	... "	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS...	... "	17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Re. 1.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods, on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

D. FERNANDES & CO.,

PHARMACEUTICAL AND FAMILY CHEMISTS.

61, HORNBY ROAD,

OPP. WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & Co.,

BOMBAY.

FERNANDES' SPECIFICS.

CORN and WART CURE and TOOTHACHE DROPS will give instantaneous relief. Annas 8.*
IODIZED SARSAPARILLA is a most invaluable Remedy for all disorders of the Blood. Re. 1-8 each.
CAMPHORATED MYRRH and CHALK DENTIFRICE Strengthens the Gums and renders the Teeth Pearly-white. 4 Annas an oz. *
CAMPHOR COUGH and COLD BALSAM an invaluable cure for all affections of the Throat. 12 Annas.
RINGWORM SPECIFIC a sure Remedy Will destroy the worms and make the skin clean in two applications. Annas 8.
FEMALE PILLS Very effective. Largely recommended for Irregularities and Suppression. Re. 1-0 bottle.
CONTRA-FAT. A harmless and extraordinarily successful remedy for overstoutness. The Superfluous fat is expelled; persons treated by this cure get rapidly stronger. In severe cases of corpulency the reduction amounts to many pounds a week. Rs. 3.
GENUINE HAIR GROWER. This mixture is a hair tonic, which if rubbed briskly into the scalp night and morning with the finger tips, will not fail to promote the growth of hair, to remedy baldness to restore grey hair to its natural colour and destroy dandruff. Rs. 3.
SANTALINE CAPSULES. A speedy and certain cure of chronic discharges. Rs. 3.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

Tonic Pills and various other preparations.

RECOMMENDED BY THOUSANDS.

Prescriptions carefully dispensed by experienced hands.

THE CHEAPEST PHARMACY IN THE FORT.

Orders attended to promptly and executed at moderate rates.

TRIAL SOLICITED.

FOR X'MAS SEASON.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in this article of MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES in Boxes of 10 lbs. nett at Rs. 2 per box.
FRESHLY ARRIVED and now unpacked the following :—
DUTCH CHEESE BALLS in tin foil (cream de la cream) Rs. 2-14.
MUSCATEL RAISINS (Extra choice), in 3 lbs. boxes at Rs. 2.
IMPERIAL PLUMS, in 7 lbs. tin at Rs. 5-4.
FRESH MALAGA GRAPES (large size), in bulk.
Various other Brands of PROVISIONS and OILMANSTORES from the well-known High Class Houses.
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ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

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ASK any "old timer" a good thing for Fever, Ague or Influenza, and he will tell you to get "BATLIWALA'S" His experience has provided that Batliwala's beats the disease.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

for pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc, etc. Re. 1-8 ans.

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is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

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cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch in a day. Ans. 4, each.

Ask your dealer for BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Re. 1 each or from

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,

WORLI LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld"

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,

Cheapest Dealers in STATIONERY, DRAWING AND PAINTING MATERIALS

For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc

RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,

KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of FIRE WOOD, suitable for the cremation of dead bodies at the Hindu Burning Grounds, at Haines Road, Mahim and Tank Bunder, for one year, from 1st March, 1912, to 28th February, 1913, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner, upto 1 P.M., on TUESDAY, 16th January, 1912.

2. Tenderers have the option of Tendering for supplies at all of the above Cemeteries or for supply at one or more of them.

3. Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 300 for the supply at each Cemetery which will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or of refusal to sign the contract. The successful Tenderer will be required to pay the full stamp duty on his contract and the charges for executing it and such further deposit as with the Rs. 300 deposited with the Tender will make up 10 per cent. on the amount of the contract. The security deposit if paid in cash will bear no interest.

4. Further particulars can be obtained on application to the Health Officer.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender. Each Tender must be accompanied by a sample of wood.

P. R. CADELL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 3rd January, 1912.

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888,
As amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905, that the Undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held in the month of February, 1912, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line in respect of each of the following streets namely the public Street known as

Jail Road North between Babula Tank Road and Jail Road West
and
Jail Road Cross Street Between 1st Comerkhady and Jail Road North.

A plan of each of the said public Streets showing the existing regular line of the Street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal, may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.—Dated this 30th day of December, 1911.

P. R. CADELL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

DANN & CO.,
GENTS' SMART TAILORS.

NEW GOODS NOW ON VIEW.
MEN'S SMART TWEED AND FLANNEL suits in a large variety of latest designs.
PRICES :—From Rs. 18 to 35.
GENTS' NAVY BLUE SERGE Suit fast Indigo Dye.
PRICES :—From Rs. 20 to 35.
DONEGAL TWEED SPORTING COATS.
PRICE :—Rs. 19 complete.
MEN'S WHITE FLANNEL AND SERGE TROUSERS.
PRICES :—From Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 12.

DANN & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY,
Opposite Whiteaway's Buildings.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

A NEW THROUGH ROUTE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.

FROM the 1st of January, 1912, the Northern Express will run from BOMBAY to PESHAWAR via Ratlam, Muttra, Delhi, Bhatinda, Ferozepur Lahore and Rawalpindi to the following timings:—

DOWN JOURNEY.		UP JOURNEY.	
Bombay ...Dep.	9-30 p.m.	Peshawar...Dep.	7-55 a.m
Peshawar...Arr.	10-25 p.m.	Bombay.....Arr.	8-20 a.m

	Hours occupied on journey. H.	M.
Bombay to Delhi	27	30
,, ,, Meerut	29	5
,, ,, Saharanpur	30	19
,, ,, Umballa	32	24
,, ,, Bareilly	32	35
,, ,, Bhatinda	33	21
,, ,, Ludhiana	34	51
,, ,, Ferozepore	34	58
,, ,, Lahore	35	50
,, ,, Kathgodam	37	30
,, ,, Amritsar	37	59
,, ,, Rawalpindi	44	31
,, ,, Peshawar	48	55

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 29th December, 1911.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
OUR NEW YEAR ATTRACTION
AFTER FIFTY YEARS
OR
THE GOLDEN WEDDING
This Film won the Grand Prix of 25,000 francs at the Turin Exhibition 1911.
DON'T MISS THIS TREAT.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.
OPEN DAILY.
PRACTICE SESSION :—8 to 9 A. M.
Ladies only :—9-30 to 10-30 A. M.
EVENING SESSION :—6 to 8.
BAND EVERY TUESDAY and THURSDAY.
NIGHT SESSIONS :—SATURDAYS only, 9-30 to 11-30.
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

WINES, SPIRITS BEERS &C.

BRANDIES.
Shipped by T. HINE & Co., COGNAC.
(ESTABLISHED 1763.)
T. HINE & Co.'s
V. S. O. P. BRANDY.
(of very superior Old Liqueur Brandy, imported for the first time in India, 40 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts ..... Rs. 120
T. HINE & Co.'s
3 STARS BRANDY.
(Very superior Old Brandy, 21 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts ..... Rs. 62
T. HINE & Co.'s
PALE ONE STAR BRANDY.
(Used at the Principal Clubs and Messes)
(9 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts ..... Rs. 50
Sole Agents for India :—
CROFT MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
RETAIL SUPPLIERS :
Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS,
AND
Messrs. DENISON & CO.,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

PRADER RIPU.
A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Rs. 3 a bottle. Apply to
SAPAT & CO.,
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BRASSO
Liquid Metal Polish.
The Best Polish in the Market
for brass work and all kinds
of Metals.
Obtainable from
all shops.
If you have a
MOTOR CAR
keep it bright with
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Manufactured only by
RECKITT & SONS,
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A free copy will be forwarded post free on application from any well-known firm.
LARGE CIRCULATION throughout INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.
HEAD OFFICE :—
25-26, Waterloo Street, CALCUTTA.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

MOTOR ACCESSORIES.—We specialize in these. Spare parts stocked. A call will convince you as to the smartness and utility of our goods. No uphill prices. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co. 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous, Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '50 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2698, care of this Office.

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ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 403, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 1 must be paid in advance.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 1 per 1,000 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Re. 4 per thousand.

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"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

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REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The Bombay Gazette Electric Press

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CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.
A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 9/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragon (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA

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FLUOR CREAM
ENGLAND'S PREMIER TOILET CREAM
Contains the marvellous tonic water from the spring in Algeria. It stimulates the skin to healthy action, the only way to Beauty. Snowy, fragrant, greaseless — prevents roughness and redness—cools and refreshes the skin—and cures insect bites. NEVER grows hair.
Of leading Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., LTD., LONDON, ENG.

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THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY. (Bombay to the Bosphorous) By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
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Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

TO BE LET.

"SOMERSET LODGE," Breach Candy, opposite the Swimming Bath, Double storied BUNGALOW, facing the sea, with six rooms and large verandahs. Good stable and Motor accommodation. Please apply to
MR. A. MORITZ.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.
NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

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YOU OUGHT TO BUY!

THE MUSIC FOLIOS noted below should be in every home where music is welcome :—

S. ROSE & CO.'S FOLIO OF THE 101 BEST SONGS, Words and Music Complete. 240 pages. Price 12 Annas.

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MESSRS COLTHURST & HARDING,
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EASILY CURE
THE WORST COUGH.
One gives relief. An increasing sale of over 80 years is a certain test of their value. Sold in bottles everywhere.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of its correct."
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for
over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
AGENTS :—TREACHER & Co., Limited: PHILLIPS & Co. KEMP & Co., Limited, &c.

PRICE Rs. 3.
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Bombay Gazette
EXCHANGE TABLES.
(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)
STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.
ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
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Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.
SECOND EDITION.
"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMPAY.
1909.

INSURANCES.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1825.

CLAIMS PAID	£ 28,590,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS...	12,750,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	1,525,000
BONUS DECLARED.....	8,170,000

A Reversionary Bonus at the rate of 1¼ per cent (or Rs. 15 per Rs. 1,000 assured) per annum, has been declared for the five years ended 15th November, 1910.
NEW SCHEMES.
DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS at English Rates, CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES with return of all premiums in the event of child's death.
For full information apply to
F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.
BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

REDUCED RATES.
GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
RESULTS FOR 1910.

Policies Issued...	...6,650 for	£. 2,345,731
New Premiums (1910)	...	,, 109,674
Annual Income	...	,, 1,451,086
Assets	...	,, 10,466,010
Total Payments under Policies		,, 26,765,113
Actuarially Certified Profits for the Quinquennium ending December 31st 1910	... ...	£ 442,000

CALL FOR 1908 PROSPECTUS.
WORLD WIDE POLICIES.
Indian Lives at European Rates.
Assurances, Old Age Pensions, Children's Endowments, &c., &c.
Apply—
CROFT MODY & CO.,
CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma and Ceylon
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ESTABLISHED 1809.
CHIEF OFFICES :
EDINBURGH : 64, Princes Street.
LONDON : 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed.....£21,000,000.
A BONUS
has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.
INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to
KING, KING & Co
Secretaries.
KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.
N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
FUNDS OVER RS. 3,75,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
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For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
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JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street, Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.
No 35, HUMMUM STREET.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will hold their usual weekly Auction Sale, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 4th January, 1912, in the afternoon, at their Rooms, of a quality of piece-goods and other different kinds of goods.

2 cases flower and stripe silk.
On account and at the risk of Mr. Lilladhur Jeevraj—
O. & O.—142-46—4 cases whits Doria Checks.
On account and at the risk of Mr. D. B. Medy—
D. B. M.—62-76—15 cases toys, hardware and glassware.

FOR SALE.
One billiard table.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 5th January 1912 at 4-45 P.M., (S.T.)
The material for removal of the following buildings :—
Building Street No. 136, Case Nos. 179 and 198 Lohar Chawl.

AUCTION SALE of Goods, Grain Sweeping, etc.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 5th January, 1912, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Depot at Carnac Bridge :—
A number of bags of grain and seeds and a quantity of grain sweeping, iron and other miscellaneous goods, etc.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 4th January, 1912.

CEMENT
PHAETON BRAND.
GUARANTEED BEST
English quality.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.
BOMBAY.

CANVAS
DAVID CORSAR & SONS
BEST FLAX CANVAS
For full particulars apply :—
SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,
BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

HOTEL WINDSOR.
VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).
J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

BRASSO
THE FINEST POLISH FOR
all metal works
is
BRASSO
STOCKED IN ALL
Bazars.

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Quarterly ...	,, 7 8	,, 6 0
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SINGLE COPY ...	... ONE ANNA.	

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Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
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Quarterly ...	,, 10 10	,, 8 8
Monthly ...	,, 3 12	,, 3 0
SINGLE COPY...	... TWO ANNAS.	

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For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette" See Special Short Advertisements Columns.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, House, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line...	0-4

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in advance

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Second Insertion ... ,,	3-0 do.
Third Insertion ... ... ,,	2-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ... ... ,,	2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards ... ,,	2 0 do.
Minimum charge ... ,,	6-0 do.

In the Native Language double the above rates
For Advertisements, which are to be inserted on any length of time special contracts are made.

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on 29 June, 2017

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THIS IS THE FIRST THURSDAY,
we have ever had—in 1912.
There will be others, but
this one counts because
to-day you are due to
VISIT
THE ROYAL EXHIBITION.
Open from 5 P. M. to 12-30 A. M.
Admission 8 Annas.
(Children, Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform, half price.)
One uninterrupted round of pleasure and amusement.
Now Open—the Children's Corner,
THE WONDERFUL FUN PALACE,
Childhood's fairy dreams realised!
A new, novel and entertaining show, Children! bring your parents.

THE GREAT
STADIUM.
THIS AFTERNOON at 4-30 P. M.
HOCKEY MATCH—open
R. G. A. Colaba
versus
BOMBAY COMBINED SCHOOLS.
Entrance from Esplanade Road, Re. 1, As. 8 and As. 2
,, ,, Exhibition Re. 1, As. 8 and As. 4
EVENING At 9-45 P. M.
DOORS OPEN AT 9 PROMPT.
MUSICAL RIDE—R. H. Artillery.
TORCH SWINGING, 96th Infantry.
REALISTIC MIMIC BATTLE
BY
The Royal Warwickshire Regt.
Admission to Stadium, including admission to Exhibition at close of Stadium Programme
From Esplanade Road Re. 1, and As. 8.
From Exhibition Re. 1, As. 8 and As. 4.

THE GREAT HIMALAYAN RAILWAY
Still busy.
THE WONDERFUL JOY WHEEL,
THE HOUSE OF NONSENSE,
CAKE WALK, CIRCLING WAVES,
ROTATING EQUINES, etc.
Get ready for the great
FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL NIGHT
THIS WILL BE BOMBAY'S
RED LETTER EVENT.
SPECIAL BAND ITEM TO-NIGHT.
WILL YOU BE WITH US?
The FIREWORK SHOW on Sunday evening next will be bigger than last Sunday's effort—Get in before the crush.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS

LONDON, JAN. 2.] [BOMBAY, JAN. 3.

FINANCIAL.

		Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent.	Consols	77 7-16	3-16	
do.	Rentes	94 2-4	1-4	
2½ do.	sterling Loan	94	1-4	
1-2 do.	Gov.securities	64 5-16	1-8	
Bar Silver in London		25 2-16	1-16	
do.	2 months' hence	25 1-4		unchgd
do.	6 months' hence	25 1-4		unchgd
Bar Silver in New York		54 3-8	1-4	
Exchange on London at Paris		25·20 1-2		02
do.	do. at Berlin	20·46 1-2		02
do.	do. New York	4·36 3-8	1-4	
Discount at Bank of England Rate		4 p.c.		since
do.	Short London Bills	21st Sept		
do.	3 months' sight	2 2-8		5-16
do.	Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	3 3-8		1-8
do.	3 months' Fine Trade Bills	4		1-4
do.	6 months' Fine Trade Bills	4		1-4
Interest day-to-day Loans		2 3-8		1-4
do.	7 day Market Loans	2 3-4		1-8

Bar Gold ...77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 31-32.
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £125,000 for Egypt.
Closing Tone of Silver—Firm.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot Firm. Good business done.
Futures ... Firm.
East Indian ... .
Manchester ... Quiet but firm.
Total Sales ... 10,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 3,000 ,,
Imports ... 55,000 ,,
Mid-Americans ... 5·10+09
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 8 7-8 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.	April-May	May-June
4·97	4·99	5·01	5·03	5·05
+06	+05	+05	+05	+05
June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	
5·03	5·10	5·10	5·11	
+05	+05	+04	new position	

New York official noon call Jan. 3-92; May 9-20.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan. 9 12; May 9-31.

NEW YORK—

		Bales.
3 Days	Receipts at all U. S. Ports	159,000
	Receipts at U. S. last year	114,000
	Exports to Great Britain	65,000
	Exports to Continent	18,000
	Spot Cotton—	9·35+10
Futures—Month of Mar. 9·17 new position		Advanced on bull support and short covering, and on Southern buying of futures in the local market.
Futures—Month of May 9·30+21		

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton ... 9 3-16+1-9
Futures—Month of Mar. ... 9 32 new p'tion
Do. do May ... 9·43 +22
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady.
Additional Cotton Quotations unchanged.

YARN.
40s Banner Mill Twist ... 9 3-4
George Mayall's Yarn ... 9 1-4
Shirtings—Steady—More business doing.
Dhooties—Firm but not much business doing.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... Nominal.
Do. Months— .....
Do. Name of Ports— .....
Wheat White Karachi ... 36 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Buyers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... .
Do. Months— ... Nominal.
Tone—Firm.

SOUTH AMERICAN.
Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... 37 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Quiet.
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs ... No sellers.
Do. Months— .....

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.
South Australian ...36 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.
Victorian ...36 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.
New South Wales ...36 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...Nominal.
Do. Months— .....
Do. Name of Ports— .....
Yellow Gazerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...Nominal.
Do. Months— .....
Do. Name of Ports.— .....
Brown Cawnpore ... 43 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Mar.-May
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady.
LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...57 1-2—1-4
Do. Months—Feb.-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done and Buyers.
Tone—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 62
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Buyers.
COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed ... £ 6-14-6—0-1-0
Jan.Feb.—Hail—Nearest Value.—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 11 1-2 unchgd.
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 4 3 1-2—1 3-4
Jan.—Value—Easier.
METALS—
Copper Brasiers ..... £ 74 3-4+1-4
Yellow Metal ..... d 6 3-8 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ..... £63 3-8+5-15
FREIGHT—
Coals—Cardiff to Bombay 12 6—Value
ARRIVALS—
"Abbotsford", "Epsom".
SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags 18 2 1-4+2 1-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...Feb.-Mar.
Tone—Better demand at firmer prices.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ... .
German Beet-root 88 p. c. ...15 1+2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Jan.
Tone—Steady. Fair demand. Not many sellers.
BAR & Similar Crystals C & F India ...19 9 3-4 Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Apr.-Aug.
Tone—Little doing.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay 15-8—2—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Jan.
Tone—Quiet.
Java Sugar.—Market remains extremely quiet.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.] [3RD JAN. 1912

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 30th and 31st Dec., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway ...	31	36,596
B B and C I Railway ...	67	80,936

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—
On the reopening of the Banks this morning the market was steady at 1s. 4 3-32d. T. T., 1s 4 1-8d. on Demand, and 1s. 4 5-16d. for 3 months' sight credits. Being Council bills day there has not been much business doing. From 15th February the rate for 3 months' sight credits is 1s. 4 9-32d. For Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Demand Drafts	...1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32d. 15 Feb.
Do. do Francs	...171 1-2
Do. do Marks	...139 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...137
Shanghai ,,	...182 1-2
Japan ,,	...149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
The market opened quiet at 96 1-16 for Cash and the 5th January Settlement, and fluctuated slightly during the day closing as under. A small business has been done.

We quote :—

Cash	... Rs.	96 1 0
1st Settlement ...	... ,,	96 1 0
2nd ,, ...	... ,,	95 15 0

BULLION:—
Slight fluctuations have occurred in London since our last report, yesterday's closing rates being 25 3-16 for ready and 25 1-4 for delivery in two months. New York was 54 5-8. The local market opened steady and closes as under. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs	23 15 0
Australian ,, ...	,,	23 15 0
Sovereigns ,, ...	,,	15 0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty ...	,,	63 13 0
,, 1st Settlement ...	,,	63 14 0
,, 2nd Settlement ...	,,	64 1 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—
The sharp advance in the American markets has caused a firmer feeling locally, and prices opened steadier all round, good Broach being quoted Rs. 262. There is still some enquiry for forward delivery, chiefly by Japan shippers, but sellers are not inclined to operate freely. A moderate business has been done, and the market closes firm as under.
There has been a fair demand for ready cotton and prices are higher.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	263	March
Fine M G Wardha Hingughat ...	,,	263	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	,,	261	,,
Fine M G Yeotmal	,,	259	,,
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola ...	,,	256	,,
Fine M G Khandesh	,,	244	,,
F. G. M. G. Khandesh	,,	236	,,
Fine M G Bengal	,,	248-9	,,
F. G. H. G. Bengal	,,	238-9	,,

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ...	...	Firm.
Estimated Sales ...	...	8,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	Nil

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
5·02	5·03	5·06
+05	+04	+05
April-May.	May-June	June-July.
5·07	5·11	5·12
+04	+05	+04
July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct
5·15	5·15	5·15
+05	+05	+04

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—
The market is firm.
We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs.	12 5 0 B.T.
April-May ...	,,	11 13 6 B.T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is steady. We Quote—
Yellow Gazerat ready ... ,, 9 0 0 B.T.
Brown Delhi A.-M. ... Rs. 8 6 6 B.T.
GINGELLYSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	56 0 0
Ready White Gulburga ...	,,	55 8 0
Red Jubbalpore ...	,,	50 8 0
Black Rutn ...	,,	48 0 0
Yellow Hingunghat ...	,,	59 0 0

POPPYSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 11 4 0 B. T.
Forward ... ... Rs. 11 7 0 B. T.
CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 7 3 0 B.T.
Forward ... ,, 35 0 0
COTTONSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready. ...Rs 25 8 0
MOWRASSED :—
Tone—Quiet.
Ready ... Rs. 7 6 0 B. T.
WHEAT :—
The market is firm. We quote :—
White Pissi ready 85 p.c. Rs. 5 1 0 B. T.
,, Delhi A.-M. ... ,, 5 4 6 ,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,790
Bank of India.	67 1-2
Bombay Merchants' Bank ...	9
Eastern Bank	79
Indian Specie	50

MILLS.

David	412 1-2
Kohinoor	742 1-2
Mandekji Petit	2,705
New Great Eastern	200
Standard	1,135

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	152
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	177
Bombay S N Co Ord.	280
Colaba Land and Mill	1,220
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	532 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Sunday :—

Cotton	10,942	bales.
Wheat	24,840	cwts.
Linseed	421	,,
Rapeseed	48	,,
Gingellyseed	17,468	,,
Poppyseed	135	,,
Groundnuts,, ...	13,036	,,
Castorseed	5,657	,,
Rice	15,050	,,
Myrabollams	1,669	,,
Cottonseed	32,211	,,
Mowrasseed	1,178	,,
Gram	10,068	,,
Joowar	1,300	,,
Maize	12,594	,,

BANK OF BOMBAY

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 29th December 1911, as compared with the statement for the week ending 22nd December 1911 :—

LIABILITIES.	Dec. 22, Rs.	Dec. 29, Rs.
Capital ...	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund ...	1,06,00,000	1,06,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office ...	1,25,11,526	1,07,89,294
Public Deposits at Branches ...	10,36,45,974	11,06,81,465
Other Deposits ...	2,507	2,507
Post Bills ...	28,66,123	25,28,300
Sundries ...	13,96,26,200	14,46,01,566
ASSETS.		
Government Securities ...	2,06,62,629	2,07,05,274
Other authorised Securities	1,31,812	1,69,259
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities ...	1,19,10,331	1,29,79,223
Loans do. do. ...	3,03,27,949	3,26,29,705
Bills discounted and purchased ...	2,61,83,578	2,66,96,737
Dead Stock ...	2,50,996	2,50,996
Stamps ...	7,415	7,313
Bullion ...	6,98,405	6,83,768
Balances with other Banks.	15,39,453	21,46,618
Sundries ...	4,06,726	10,23,328
Cash ...	4,74,46,906	4,63,09,347
	13,96,26,200	14,46,01,566

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.
Bombay, 4th January.

13. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class-firing as follows :—(For all Class-firing members will take their sidearms to the Range).
Friday 5th Inst. "C" Coy.
Monday 8th Inst. "A" Coy. (practice)
Tuesday 9th Inst. "B" Coy.
Wednesday 10th Inst. "C" Coy (practice)
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.
14. The Delhi Contingent will please return to Head-Quarters without delay all special issues of clothing and equipment in their possession.
15. A Proficiency Class will be started on Monday, the 8th instant, those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant at once.
16. Maxim Gun.—The maxim gun Instructional Class will be discontinued.
17. Friday the 5th inst.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.
18. Buglers Parade.—All Buglers will parade at Bombay Education Society's School, Byculla, at 6 p.m on Friday the 12th instant.
19. Viceroy's Competition—The Second Stage Viceroy's Competition will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Sunday the 7th inst. by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.
20. Camp of Instruction—It is notified for information that the Annual Camp of Instruction will take place at Santa Cruz from the 27th January to 3rd February 1912.
The General Officer Commanding will make his annual Inspection of the Corps on Saturday the 3rd February.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. R. V. B.

NOTICE.
Rifle Club matches 28 to 30 will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Saturday, the 6th Inst., by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a. m.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, V. D. COMMANDING.
Bombay, 4th January.

321. Parades—Saturday 6th January 1912 :—
No 1 and 2 Companies 1 Inch Aiming Rifle Practice from Middle Ground Fort.
Parade at Apollo Bunder at 5 p.m.
Dress—Khaki and Helmets.
322 Musketry.—Sunday 7th January, 1912 :—
Class Firing No 2 and H E Company at the British Infantry Range at Colaba.
Firing to commence at 8 a. m.
Dress—Plain Clothes.
323. Duties.—Orderly Sergeant for the week and ng Sunday 7th January 1912 :—No. 1 Company Sergeant H. E. Gubbins.
No. 2 Company Sergeant O. M. P. Clyne.
324. Parades.—The Corps will parade as strong as possible on Wednesday 10th January 1912, to take part in lining the streets on the occasion of the departure of Their Imperial Majesties the King-Emperor and Empress.
Not one of sub-divisions will submit as early as possible the names of the members of their respective Sub-Divisions who will be able to be on parade on that date.
Parade at Head Quarters at 11 a.m. Probable duration of parade-two hours dress :—khaki, helmets, rifles with slings, slide arms and pouch.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. B. A.
Adjt. B. V. A.

NOTICE.
Tickets of admission to the Boxing Tournament to be held on the Oval at 9-30 p.m. on Saturday January 6th, can be obtained at Head Quarters at half price.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

CRAEN—December 20, at the General Hospital, Madras, Francis Xavier Craen, eldest son of Patrick Craen late Supply and Transport Corps, aged 30 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Lecture by Prof. Kanga, Theosophical Hall, 6-15 p.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph Novelty Theatre, Special Attractions.—"After Fifty Years or The Golden Wedding." Four shows nightly, 5-30 to 6-45, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 p.m. Exhibition Cinematograph, continuous performance.
Skating Rink. Practice Session 8 to 9 a. m. Ladies only, 9-30 to 10-30 a. m. Evening session 6 to 8 p.m; night session 9-30 to 11-30.

Maxim : "Confidence is the mainspring of commercial endeavour."—J. E. Simmons.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Oceana," with the English mails of the 22nd ultimo, left Aden at 10 p.m., on Monday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at noon on Saturday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m., on Saturday.

SIR MANGALDAS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this Dispensary during the month of December was 638, of whom 525 were males and 113 females.

SHETH JAMNADAS JIVANDAS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY, PORBUNDAR.—During the month of December the total number of patients treated in this Dispensary was 3,300 among them the number of new admissions was 1,231 classified as below :—Hindoos 2,698, Mussalman 509, Parsee 32 and other castes 61 ; total 3,300. The average daily attendance was 106.

DISTINCTION FOR AN INDIAN DOCTOR.—Dr. Shivdas, of the Bombay Vaccine-Therapy Institute, has been nominated a corresponding member of "Societe Francaise de Dermatologie et de Syphiligraphie," an honour which is conferred by the Societe for original work in these special branches of medical science. Dr. Shivdas is, we believe, the first Indian to receive this mark of distinction.

LECTURE.—Professor D. D. Kanga, M. A., will lecture in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (21, Hornby Road, Fort) this (Thursday) evening at 6-15 p. m. (S. T.). Subject:—"Materialism, its Origin, Growth and Decline : a treatment from the standpoint of Science" (part 2). Mr. J. J. Vimadalal, M. A., L. L. B. Solicitor, will preside. The lecture is open to the public, and seats will be reserved for ladies.

WESTERN INDIA KENNEL CLUB.—A meeting will be held this (Thursday) evening at 6-15 at Green's Restaurant, Apollo Bunder, under the chairmanship of the President, the Hon. Arthur Hill Trevor, to promote the forthcoming Dog Show, to be held in February next on a day to be fixed later. The show will again be held under the rules of the Indian Kennel Association, and an earnest endeavour will be made to bring judges from other Presidencies, thereby ensuring a new element in the judging rings. Particulars may be obtained as to membership of the Western India Kennel Association from Mr. W. Lee, "Times of India" Office.

INSANE WOMAN'S FATE.—At ten o'clock yesterday morning, an alarm was raised from a house in Third Bhoiwada, that a room was on fire. The Bhuleshwar and Babula Tank engines immediately proceeded to the scene. The room was forced open, and on entering the firemen discovered that Narbadabai, wife of Chaturbhuj Bhawanidash, yarn merchant, had been burnt to death. A cup smelling of kerosine oil, and a quantity of burnt matches, were found lying near her. Narbadabai, it was ascertained, had been of unsound mind for some time past and her child had to be taken away from her. Early yesterday morning she succeeded in giving an opium pill to her child and while the people in the house were busy attending to it the alarm of fire was raised. The child was removed to the G. T. Hospital.

BAND AT THE PRINCESS GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel T. W. Banner, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m., to-day :—

March ...	Through Bolts and Bars ... Nebsch
Overture ...	Tancredo ... Rossini
a Serenade...	Love is Idleness ... Macbeth
b Romance...	Hobom ko ... Reeves
Selection ...	The Monome ... Monckton & Talbot
Valse ...	Phryne ... Zulueta
Selection ...	The Girls of Gottenberg ... Caryll
Tubuphone Solo ...	La Juana ... Howgill

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours, and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour, during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water as at Prince's Dock sill :—

		HIGH WATER.			LOW WATER.			
Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.	Day of Week.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.
	Jan.	h	m	ft. in.	Jan.	h	m	ft. in.
M	1	m 7	40	26 11	1	m 2	1	21 3
		9	20	a 27 5		2	18	16 3
TU	2	m 8	45	26 3	2	m 3	10	20 9
		10	14	a 28 9		3	8	a 15 2
W	3	m 9	44	26 9	3	m 4	8	a 20 1
		11	3	a 29 10		3	57	14 4
TH	4	m 10	40	27 3	4	m 5	0	19 4
		11	49	a 30 8		4	45	a 13 9
F	5	m 11	34	27 7	5	m 5	50	18 7
						5	32	a 13 8
S	6	m 0	33	31 0	6	m 6	39	18 0
		6	27	a 27 9		0	18	a 4 1
S	7	m 1	16	20 11	7	m 7	27	17 7
		1	19	a 27 8		7	4	a 14 11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian, Standard Time during the ensuing week :—

Jan. 1	(Monday)	Sunrise 7h 12m	Sunset	6h 12m
,, 2	(Tuesday)	,, 7h 12m	,,	6h 13m
,, 3	(Wednesday)	,, 7h 13m	,,	6h 13m
,, 4	(Thursday)	,, 7h 13m	,,	6h 14m
,, 5	(Friday)	,, 7h 13m	,,	6h 15m
,, 6	(Saturday)	,, 7h 13m	,,	6h 15m
,, 7	(Sunday)	,, 7h 14m	,,	6h 16m

PHASES OF MOON.—Full Moon Jan. 4th, 6h. 59 7m. p.m.; Last Quarter, 11th 2h. 12·9m. p.m.; New Moon 19th, 4h. 40·0m p.m. First Quarter, 27th, 2h. 21·4m. p.m.

ONE of CUPID'S strongest allies is POPULAR BEAUTY—CHARM. Improves complexion and renders the skin soft and velvety. A boon to Lady Motorists. In two shades, Pink and white. MADON, SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Ibrahim Nooroodin's Insolvency.

THE Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Davar presided yesterday, at a sitting of the Insolvency Court and disposed of, among others, the following matters :—

RE GORDHANDASS WAGHJI.

Mr. Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied for two months' postponement of the hearing of the rule to withdraw the petition.
Counsel stated that a principal creditor had to be served at Hyderabad.
His Lordship adjourned the matter till the first Court day in February.

RE S. B. KATRAK.

Mr. Raikes, for the opposing creditors, applied for the postponement of the hearing of the insolvent's application for discharge and for issue of commissions to examine several clerks.
Mr. J. D. Davar, for several opposing creditors, said he was prepared to go on with the hearing, but he did not know if his Lordship would allow two separate trials.
Mr. Bahadurji said that the application was made to prolong the insolvency to enable them to look to the insolvent's friends and relations who might be willing to help the insolvent. The insolvency, counsel said, was due to the fraud of one of the insolvent's clerks. The opposing creditors had done nothing for two months and a half and had given him notice the previous evening. Some of the books disappeared in consequence of the harsh conduct of the mortgagee and purchaser of the insolvent's saw-Mills. The application was made merely for the purposes of delay.
His Lordship regretted the delay of the application, but granted the postponement and the commission, which was made returnable by the 15th February.

RE GULAMALI MAHOMED SAJAN.

Mr J. D. Davar, for the insolvent, applied for leave to withdraw the petition.
The insolvent had obtained a personal discharge except in the case of a few creditors, whose claims had now been settled by one Joffer Dattoo.
His Lordship granted a rule for withdrawal of the petition and order for annulling the personal discharge.

RE N. M. CARTER.

Mr Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained two months' extension of the interim order.

RE B. MAGANBHAI.

Mr. Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied for two months' extension of the interim order, as the public examination of the insolvent was still going on.
His Lordship granted the application.

RE HAJI ABDULLA HAJI MULLA.

On the application of Mr. Kapadia, the insolvent was granted two months' interim order.

DISCHARGES.

The following insolvents were granted their personal discharges:—Joseph Hemingway; Ramchandra Waman Mahatre; Kaikhushro Dorabji Patel; Mahdeo Bendoo; Rusool Haji Cassum and another Wasudeo Shricrustna Jambhekay, Laldass Kurrondass Mehta; Gordhandass Nathubhai Thacker, Rowchand Ramchand Shs; Odhavji Visram Joshi and another: Dharamsi Khimji Thucker; Allissb Balamiya Patel; William Berkley Perreira; Muncherji Nowroji Dastur; Haji Gulam Ahmed Munshi, Ardeshir Pestanji Pagdiwalla, Shripat Sitaram Raje, Esmail Abdul Karim and Mahomed Dada Bhoota.

RE ALBERT FETTERLY.

Mr. R. J. Mody, for the insolvent, applied for the usual interim order.
His Lordship inquired if that was not the sixth insolvency.
The insolvent, who arrived in Court some time later, said that this was his fifth insolvency.
His Lordship—It seems you make a regular business of insolvency.
The Insolvent—My Lord, I find it very hard with the Marwaris.
In answer to further questions, the insolvent said he was working in the Reliance Watch Company, which belonged to his wife. Most of the debts were incurred after the last insolvency.
His Lordship refused the application, as this was an annually recurring insolvency and the best thing for the insolvent was to go to jail.

RE IBRAHIM NOOROODIN AND COMPANY.

This matter was again called on for further hearing of the application for the discharge of the insolvents.
Mr. D. N. Bahadurji appeared for the insolvents and Mr. J. D. Davar for the opposing creditor.
Mr. Davar said that he proposed to lead evidence after the charges had been formulated.
His Lordship—You had better give all the evidence you have before I consider whether charges should be formulated or not.
Mr. Davar said he would first state the charges he wished to formulate against the insolvents. They were: undue preference to Ashmabu, mother of the one and aunt of the other; presents of jewellery to wives and children for the purposes of secreting them; speculation in American futures; contracting debts amounting to thirty-three lakhs within two years previous to insolvency; not keeping proper books of account and destroying counter-foils of cheque books; and concealment of the Bazaar-gate property.
Mr. Davar then asked Mr. Bahadurji to admit that the insolvents had been trading during the pendency of the insolvency and were making a steady income out of it. They were trading in the name of Abdulally, Ibrahimji and Company.
Mr. Bahadurji said he could make no admissions, and denied that his clients traded at all during the pendency of the insolvency.
Mr. Bahadurji then addressed the Court on behalf of the insolvents. He said he would give some evidence on the question of the liability of thirty-three lakhs.
Cumroodin Esaji, a partner in the firm, then gave evidence. To Mr. Bahadurji, witness said that since seven or eight years before the insolvency, the firm's business had an annual turn-over of 75 lakhs to a crore of rupees in yarn and opium with various markets in China. At the time of insolvency, the firm had bales of yarn worth about 85 lakhs in China. This was at the end of 1906. They also had 1,000 chests of opium which were worth about 17 lakhs. The difficulties arose in consequence of a very heavy fall in the price of yarn and a heavy fall in exchange. The Chinese merchants did not take delivery of the goods sold to them and what was taken delivery of was paid at a very low rate of exchange. This state of the market brought about the failures of some of his constituents in China and that increased the firm's difficulties very greatly. Against these goods, the firm had borrowed about 82 lakhs from the Bombay Banks at interest varying from four to nine per cent. They had also paid large sums of margin money to the banks. The firm also could not perform the outstanding contracts to buy yarn from the local mills. They settled those contracts with the mills for about nine or ten lakhs as losses. About the same time the Telati firm trading in China failed in Bombay. In consequence of this crisis, there was a sudden and great rush of creditors on the firm and within twelve months they paid to creditors over 14 lakhs of rupees. The banks were paid three and a half lakhs as interest during the same period. These monies were raised on the mortgage of their properties and to that they added depositors' monies. The thirty-three lakhs is the total loss of the business. The opposing creditor knew that the Bazaar-Gate property was trust property, yet he levied an attachment on that property and the attachment was raised on the application of the trustees before the petition of insolvency.
To the Court : Before the crash came, the firm's capital was about 17 or 18 lakhs inclusive of properties, securities and cash. All that had been swept away and there was a loss of thirty-three lakhs. The total loss would, therefore, come to about fifty lakhs.
Cross-examined by Mr. Davar witness said Nurudin and he managed the firm. Witness knew the facts as much as Nuradin. He was conversant with the details of these consignments. In previous years consignment as big as the one in 1906 was sent out. Previous to this the firm sustained loss in yarn, but in 1904 the firm made a profit of four lakhs and in 1905 one lakh. The highest loss was four lakhs in the famine year. In 1906, the profit was Rs. 75,000. Then witness knew that the China market in yarn was going down. The profit of Rs. 75,000 was ascertained with the market going down. The fluctuations in prices were very gradual in previous years. The prices were at their best in 1904 and in 1905.

POLICE COURTS.

HINDU'S SUSPICIOUS DEATH.

Soldiers Charged.

BEFORE Rao Bahadur C. H. Stalwad, Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, Inspector Guider charged Privates Charles Merriman and Frederick Downes with causing the death of Tulsiram Sidoo, a mango contractor, and Marie Joseph with abetment of the offence.
The circumstances under which the deceased met with his death have already been reported.
On the application of Mr. Guider, his Worship remanded the case to enable the police to make further inquiries.

ALLEGED SWINDLING.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistate yesterday, Inspector Morris of the C. I. D., charged Amratlal Dayaram, chairman of the Bombay Art Jewellery Works, Limited, with cheating Mr. W. Sills of Messrs. Kesear and Walter, traders of Pforzheim in Germany, in respect of Rs. 1,36,000 and with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 22,335.
Mr. Reuben Solomon, pleader, appeared for the accused; Mr. R. S. Pandit, bar-at-law, watched the case on behalf of one of the witnesses.
Inspector Morris, in asking for a remand, said the accused started the company about three months ago without capital. Mr. Sills started his jewellery business in Bombay by calling on all interested Native and European firms. Among others, he visited the accused's shop at Gunbow-street but the accused was not present on that occasion. The accused, however, saw him two days later and told him that he (the accused) was a wealthy jeweller and wished to purchase jewellery for his firm, which did a very large business. The accused further said that he had purchased 1,000 shares of the Company and invested therein about a lakh of rupees. Mr. Sills was very much impressed with the accused's story and thought that he had got into touch with a wealthy merchant. The accused then asked for goods on commission sale. Two days later he went to Mr. Sills with his brother and showed him some stamped papers and said he had purchased a bungalow for Rs. 75,000. He then induced Mr. Sills to part with jewellery valued at about Rs. 1,58,355 on the promise that he would repay the amount within a certain time. The hundis,

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Anchor Line steamer Circassia, 4526 tons, Captain C. F. Osbourne, sailed yesterday for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Linga 951 tons, Captain W. H. Rothwell arrived in Bombay harbour on Wednesday from Karachi January 1, vis coast ports with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Kola, 510 tons, Captain G. Elton will sail to-day for Basreh via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Vadala, 2164 tons, Captain J. Davidson, sailed yesterday for Galle in ballast.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's steamer Nawab 2,041 tons Captain G. F. Elliot arrived in Bombay harbour on Tuesday from Jedah via Karachi with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Onda, 3,409 tons, Captain J. P. Reddock arrived in Bombay harbour on Wednesday from Rangoon December 23, with a cargo of rice and timber.

The steamer Baron Dalmeny, 2503 tons, Captain R. J. Hey, arrived in Bombay harbour on Wednesday from Calcutta December 23, with a cargo of coal.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Medina.....Capt A E M...Chatfield Royal Navy
H M S Defence.....Capt H H Bruce .....Royal Navy
H M S Cochrane....Capt W E Goodenough ...Royal Navy
H M S Argyll...Capt M Caime-Seymour...Royal Navy
H M S Natal.....Capt Clement Greatorex...R Navy
H M S Perseus.....Comdr C F B Powell...R Navy
H M S Sphinx.....Comdr John Harvey...Special Ser. vice steamer
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr Luck .....Troopship
R I M S Lawrence ...Comdr de Burgh.....R I Marine

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Jan. 3.
VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
1 Landaura	2152	Lima		13-1	M M & Co
3 Islami	1604	Goode	Mauritius	6-1	B & P S N Co
4 Gramsbergen	3117	Goot		4-1-12	T Morrison & Co
16 Homayun	2154	Molony			B & P S N Co
M W D D					
Persia	4954	Haughton	London	13-1-12	P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels	Commanders	From
2	Nawab	Elliott	Jedah, &c
3	Onda	Red ock	Rangoon, Dec 23
	Baron Dalmeny	Hey	Calcutta, Dec 23
	Linga	Rothwell	Karachi, Jan 1
	Pleasy (H. T.)	Andrews	South,on, Dec 13

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
3	Arcadia	Barcham	Shanghai
	Circassia	Osborne	Liverpool
	Vadala	Davidson	Galee

The steamer Kola, Captain Elton obtained her porticlearance yesterday for Persian Gulf.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Islam for Mauritius.
" Mohammadi for Jedah.
" Ischia for China.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The German East Africa Line steamer Somali, left Zanzibar for Bombay yesterday.

The Societa' Nazionale Di Servizi Marittimi Co's steamer D Balduino, from Bombay arrived at Naples on the 2nd instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's, steamer Vorwaerts, left Trieste on the 29th ulto, and is due here on the 18th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—16 tons oil cakes, A Moritz and Co : 1 bale wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 128 bales wool, D Koondanmal.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—2,000 cwts gram, Ralli Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Asterturm s—8,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros ; 88 cwts castorseed, G. Bhimji ; 8,000 cwts myrabollams, P. Mathuradas and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Asterturm s—412 cwts myrabollams, A. Khimji ; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, W Becher.

FOR HULL.

Towergate s—18,038 cwts cottonseed, A. Khimjee ; 6,000 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros ; 5,700 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros ; 13,000 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

Toronto s—4,400 cwts cottonseed, 10,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 10,000 cwts cottonseed, 4,500 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Gramsbergen s—4000, cwts linseed, Volkart Bros ; 2,001 cwts gingellyseed, E. D. Sassoon and Co ; 2.000 cwts groundnuts, H. Vanichand and Co ; 3,000 cwts linseed, K. Devchand and Co ; 110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 127 bales cotton, C. Peraj and Co ; 295 bales cotton waste and fly, K Visram and Co.

Newbridge s—499 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Sahara s—304 bales cotton, 1,090 cwts linseed, 8,000 cwts teelseed, K Devchand and Co ; 2,001 cwts castorseed, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR TRIESTE,

Bregenz s—712 cwts olibanum, M Jafferbhoy ; 110 bales cotton, M Bhimjee and Co ; 6,002 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 5,175 cwts gingellyseed, C Boggiand and Co ; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, P Mathooradas and Co ; 172 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR FIUME.

Bregenz s—110 bales cotton, M Bhimjee and Co.

FOR ODESSA.

Bregenz s—130 cwts olibanum, 302 cwts turmeric M Jafferbhoy.

FOR VENICE.

Bregenz s—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 25 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ceylon Maru s—975 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Ceylon Maru s—675 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co ; 200 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co ; 700 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ceylon Maru s—908 bales cotton, M B Kaisha ; 2,000 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading Co ; 300 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co ; 500 bales cotton, C Ebrahim and Co.

Ischia s—795 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 500 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 100 bales cotton B N Ginwalla and Co ; 500 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co ; 500 bales cotton, G Doom and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ceylon Maru s—776 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha. Ischia s—130 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Ceylon Maru —500 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Ceylon Maru s—898 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha. Ischia s—900 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Ceylon Maru s—400 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha ; 2,000 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading Co.

Ischia s—400 bales cotton, B N Ginwalla and Co.

NOTICE.

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A special Representative is being placed in charge of our Bombay Branch, and he will be pleased to call upon Railway Companies, P. W. D. Engineers, Mofussil Municipalities, Contractors, Fire-Brigades, and other Clients requiring information in regard to our products.

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Secretary and Treasurer.

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Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125°	4 2 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 12 0	per two tins.
Elephant, brand 125° (in tins)	3 12 0	do.
do, 125° (in bulk)	3 2 0	per 8 gallons.
Camel brand 125° (in tins)	3 12 0	per two tins.

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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Thursday, 4th January, 1912.

MERCHANT SERVICE GRIEVANCES.

THE Imperial Merchant Service Guild has invited the British Shipping Federation to listen to them while they ventilate the "manifold grievances and hardships, which are quite improperly and inconsiderately imposed on those commanding and officering merchant ships." For it appears not only have the crews a desire for larger pay and shorter hours but officers and commanders too. The prospect for the future then is some increase in passage-money and freights : for shorter hours means more officers and bigger crews, therefore a heavier pay bill—for which the public must find the money. The so-called "tramp" steamers are those upon which most hardship prevails and they represent over eighty per cent. of the vessels afloat. The general public is totally unaware of the arduous life which officers of the merchant service are compelled to lead. In many cases officers work sixteen hours a day, Saturdays and Sundays included, whilst the ordinary holidays, such as those on shore enjoy, are absolutely unknown and unrecognised. It might naturally be supposed such conditions command large remuneration. Such however is not the case, most of them receiving pay which is inadequate to their responsibilities. In some instances the pay is niggardly and even vessels of ten thousand tons burthen are known to carry no more than two officers, which means that each officer is on his feet some fifteen hours a day. The Executive of the Imperial Merchant Service Guild, after ascertaining the feeling of numerous masters and officers, has urged upon the Federation that, in view of the unrest and dissatisfaction existing, that steps should now be taken by the shipowners to improve matters. The tenour of the reply received was both considerate and favourable and suggested that the Guild should outline the chief sources of complaint and submit them to the Federation. This has been done, in a letter of some warmth, perhaps more than was diplomatic, but men with grievances are not apt to choose the most delicate phraseology—sea-faring men being no exception to the rule. Nevertheless the Guild, while anxious to use every effort towards protecting and promoting the interest of the captains and officers of the British Mercantile Marine, desires to preserve and indeed enhance the cordial relations with those owning and managing British mercantile marine vessels.

The Guild however feel it necessary at the outset, to express pain and surprise at most reasonable and representations on its part being frequently ignored and treated in a most discourteous way—a tactical mistake to refer to it if future amiability is desired, but the matter is ascribed to a lack of knowledge of the real motives and policy of the Guild. However, there is reason to believe that in the present negotiations good feeling will prevail, for many individual shipowners have received the Guild's communications in a perfectly friendly and conciliatory spirit and have not only given its views careful consideration, but in many cases, have acted upon them in a practical way, with the very best results to all concerned. The Guild admits that shipowners having so much to occupy their attention are frequently personally unaware of the multitude of grievances which exist and which could be removed to a great extent with really no pecuniary expense or trouble to themselves. Many resent anything resembling trades unionism among ships' officers and prefer to deal with their own men in their own way. It may be that owners or their managers or superintendents are perfectly accessible, but captains or officers shrink from the ordeal of facing them and being considered as ring-leaders in inciting and arousing discontent and dissatisfaction among their colleagues. On their behalf therefore the Guild first asks for courteous treatment of officers by managers or superintendents, which would lead them to take greater personal interest in their vessels and produce greater care and efficiency. Then we come to the outstanding grievance which is plainly stated—that their remuneration is by no means commensurate with their duties and responsibilities and with the greater physical strain which they require to bear, owing to the great amount of daily duty which is expected of them. They work a full week of seven days, not five and a half—a hundred and five hours a week, catching only snatches of sleep of two or three hours at a time. "There is quite usually continuance of labour on Sundays, even when the vessel is lying in port and except in a few cases, no additional allowance is made for extra demands upon an officer's reasonable hours of duty in attending to cargo and other matters when in port, though it is noteworthy that others doing similar work, both belonging to the ship, and hailing from the shore, demand additional pay and it is granted without demur." The claim seems reasonable and should be allowed.

Engineers ask for shorter hours in a watch and more time for recreation and study. Masters and officers say that it is very frequently urged by shipowners that the value of the food and the accommodation which they supply should be taken into account ; but as shipmasters and officers have, in most cases, to maintain establishments on shore, and as they have the additional burden cast upon them of long absences from home and friends, they do not accept this as any solatium. Further, if shipowners despatch emissaries from their offices on long journeys, they usually defray their full and first-class expenses in the way of travelling and food, but certainly do not, at the same time, reduce their pay in consideration of so doing. "Taken altogether, therefore, there is ample justification for maintaining that shipmasters and officers have an undeniable claim upon their employers to far greater monetary consideration than they at present receive." Another important point analagous to the question of pay is the argument that all shipowners should institute superannuation or pension schemes for their captains and officers, whose remuneration, taking it in conjunction with their annual expenses, will not admit of them laying anything by in this direction. Something in this way on the part of shipowners would provide a wonderful incentive and prompt their employes to render to them long and loyal service doubtless the advantages of such an undertaking are self-evident. Then it is urged that where shipmasters or officers, who are very frequently quite unaware of the fact when sailing from home ports, are compelled to remain trading in waters abroad for some considerable time, they should be entitled to higher pay as compensation for long and enforced absence from home, and that in quarters of the globe such as Australia, New Zealand or the United States, where definite scales are in vogue, the pay of the masters and officers of home ships should correspond. This not being so at present creates sore dissatisfaction. Officers are frequently receiving much less pay than the men serving under them, and the interests of owners and of ships suffer very greatly in consequence. Further improvements in the accommodation provided for captains and officers of merchant ships are demanded desirable. Each officer is entitled to, and should be provided with, a separate cabin with sufficient room and adequate equipment, in some part of the ship where he can take proper rest and relaxation. The accommodation so often provided is inadequate and situated in highly unsuitable—sometimes insanitary—parts of the ship. Really there seems nothing unreasonable in any of the demands as set forth by the Guild and no expenditure of money appears to be asked for, which would not produce its own return in an increase of efficiency and loyal service.

A MUTINY VETERAN.

THE death of the tenth Marquess of Tweeddale, the other day, has been followed closely by that of Mr. John Walter Sherer, his more distinguished colleague in the Bengal Civil Service of former years. Mr. Sherer distinguished himself greatly, though a Civilian, during the Mutiny, and afterwards wrote stirring accounts of his share in that terrible conflict which were much appreciated. His father had also been a Bengal Civilian in the early part of the last century, and a friend of Lord Metcalfe. Daniel Corsie, first Bishop of Madras, was his mother's brother ; so when he first came to India in 1846, he had a family interest in the country. He was, of course, educated at Haileybury, and during the three years that he passed there of preparation he had as contemporaries several men who have left their mark in the Indian service among them the late Sir Richard Temple, Sir George Couper, Lieutenant-Governor of North West Provinces. Gibbs and Alexander Rogers who both were members of the Bombay Council. But Sherer had the additional good fortune to be at Rugby for a time, and that, when the school was in the hey-day of its influence under Arnold. Several of his fellow-pupils of Arnold at Rugby passed like him to Haileybury and India, and only one now survives in the person of Mr. Henry Keene who has rendered able service to India both as an administrator and as an historical writer of great vigour and power. He had served the Government of the old North-West Provinces for eleven years, when the Mutiny broke out and found him at Futtehpore as Magistrate of the place which he was forced to abandon owing to there being troubles on either side of him at Allahabad and Cawnpore. Tucker, the Collector of Futtehpore, ventured to hold out there, but he was cut down by the mutineers. Sherer retired to Banda, and thence escaped to Nagode and Benares. He reached Cawnpore with Havelock soon after Nana Sahib's atrocious deed, and remained as Magistrate till order was finally restored. He did very good work at Cawnpore amid great difficulties, and among other things he supplied provisions and information to the troops which marched to the relief and recapture of Lucknow. He wrote a very animated and important narrative of what happened at Cawnpore during his stay in Colonel Munde's memories of the Mutiny published in 1893, and gives in it his experiences dealing with what the latter rightly calls the civil side of the campaign. He wrote other accounts too of the Mutiny, and his record of daily life during that period is particularly interesting. His services were not quite recognised at the time, but eight years later in 1866 he got the Companionship of the Star of India chiefly for his Mutiny work. He continued in the service for twenty years after the Mutiny, serving as Judge at Allahabad, Mirzapore and other places and finally retired in 1877, when his time was up, having reached the age of 55. Mr. Sherer married a daughter of Henry Harington, an able North-West Provinces Civilian who began his career in the Army and then passed into the Civil Service, finally rising to be member of the Supreme Council, and declining the Lieutenant-Governorship of his Province.

THE NEW PATRIOTISM.

IT will be difficult to find a name sufficiently expressive for the persons who are making it part of their propaganda in England, to endeavour to prevent men from joining the Territorial force. That this is being done, we have the statement of Sir John French as evidence. Sir John is Inspector-General of the Forces, and in his last report, published as a White Paper, he writes :—"I think it right to place on record that complaints were made to me by more than one Commanding officer that their endeavours to obtain recruits were much hampered by agents of the National Service League, who are said to go about certain districts advising men not to take service with the Territorial Force." It is perfectly well known, of course, that there is a considerable school in England, which professes to find nothing but evil in Lord Haldane's territorial scheme, and another that claims that the only solution of the British Army problem lies in compulsory service ; and in both are men not only whose opinions are entitled to the deepest respect and consideration, but who, by services, rendered on the field and in administrative posts have established a claim to patriotism. Indeed, Lord Roberts himself is one of the strongest advocates of a conscriptive army. Such as these, we think, may at once be acquitted of any charge that may be involved in Sir John French's statement, and we imagine we may go further and assume that tactics such as those complained of by the commanding officers would receive the strongest condemnation. The Territorial Force, for the sake of academic discussion, may be assumed to be the child of a mistaken policy ; but, even so, to advise men not to accept service with it is not only unpatriotic in itself, but is calculated to produce the worst effects among the men themselves. Such a body as the National Service League is strong enough to pursue its propaganda without resort to such under-the-road methods as those complained of. At their disposal they have a Press and two Houses of Parliament and, as everybody knows, the League is strongly represented in both. It is possible, of course, that the publication of Sir John French's Report will elicit a statement from the League, and it will be interesting to see what is the truth, or otherwise, of the complaints made by the Commanding officers ; and also what public opinion will have to say on the matter. In any case the incident will certainly be availed of by Lord Haldane, and the friends of the Territorial system in dealing with attacks by its enemies as well as the criticism so frequently made that the system does not attract the necessary number of recruits each year.

THE SECOND TEST MATCH.

HONOURS are now easy between Australia and England from the cricket point of view, and the most popular Englishman in the world of sport to-day is probably Mr. Douglas, the English skipper who has proved an able substitute for Mr. Warner in the leadership of the team. In recent weeks his anxieties must have been many, for two of his men have been laid aside since he assumed charge. Gunn and Hitch were both out of the team for a considerable period, and there can be no doubt that bad luck had much to do with the loss of the first test of strength. The victory just gained is all the greater because the team was still without the services of the famous Middlesex batsman, but it must not now be said that the handicap imposed on the English representatives also included any considerations of leadership, for Mr. Douglas has proved himself as capable in leading All England in Australia as Essex in England. This is, we think, the great feature of the victory; but another notable point is the success of Mr. F. R. Foster, a splendid name indeed in English cricket. The young Warwickshire captain's bowling achievement reduced the final task set his side very considerably, and will be remembered when the history of the tour comes to be told. The handsome character of the victory is very gratifying, and now that the English team has shown that it can make little of adverse circumstances, the prospects of ultimate success are certainly more hopeful than they were a month ago.

UNDER the Negotiable Instruments Act, H.E. the Governor in Council has been pleased to declare the 10th instant, the date fixed for the departure of Their Imperial Majesties, the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress from Bombay, to be a public holiday. This notification does not apply to Sind.

THE *Pioneer* understands that Lord Crewe will pay a visit to the Tata Iron Works at Kalamati on Saturday next.

WIRELESS messages will be received by the Anchor Line s. s. "Circassia," which sailed last night up to 8-30 p.m. to-day (4th instant).

THE GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

BERLIN, DEC. 15.

THE RENEWAL OF THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

The Italian Prime Minister Signore Giolitti thought it worth his while to despatch a telegram to the ediitor of the *Budapesti Naplo* and to denounce as a *vulgar invention* the news reported in some Vienna papers that Italy was about to secede from the Triple Alliance. At the same time the "Temps" in Paris treated us to the news that between the sovereigns of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy private letters relating to the renewal of the Triple Alliance have already been exchanged.

Evidently the community of interest on which the alliance was based thirty years ago, is not yet a thing of the past. The steadfastness of the policy that gives to the Triple Alliance its long duration is, according to the often repeated assurance of its founder Prince Bismarck, closely bound up with its limited scope and its purely defensive character. It is not even presumed that, in case of one of the three powers extending its sphere of operations beyond the centre of Europe, the two others will offer their military support for securing this aim. That became notorious when Germany thought it necessary to stand up as the champion of the open door principle in Morocco after the publication of the Franco-British treaty of April, 1904 ; it will be remembered that at the Algeciras Conference Italy went its own way in open adversity to Germany, without thereby endangering the continuation of the Triple Alliance. When in the course of the Franco-German negotiations about Morocco a rupture seemed imminent, the papers in the Dual Monarchy lost no time to declare that for such a distant object Germany could not expect the active participation of her ally in a possible Franco-German war. Nor did Italy give notice to the two other allies, when she inaugurated her Tripolitan expedition. Indeed the belligerents took the strict neutrality of Germany so much for a foregone conclusion, that both sides chose the German diplomatic and consular representatives for placing the interests of their respective nationals under effective charge. It is in every respect taken for granted that the Triple Alliance has for its sole aim the preservation of the *status quo* in Europe.

Of the Franco-Russian "*Amitie*", that formed itself in opposition to the Triple Alliance, and of the "Triple Entente", that was brought about under King Edward VII, it cannot be said that they were limited to European problems or that their object was purely defensive. The years 1887 and 1888, when General Boulanger was at the height of his career, proved that the French had a plan of defeating Germany with Russian help, while Austria seemed fully occupied with the internal national struggles in Bohemia and Hungary. In March 1902 the Franco-Russian alliance was announced to comprehend Asiatic interests as well. This summer English diplomatists and statesmen tried to intrude themselves into the Franco-German negotiations about Morocco; they assumed an attitude more French than Mr. Delcasse and Baron de Selves; nay, in appearance at least, they did not shrink from going to war about a slice of African territory ceded by France to Germany. The essentially different character of the Triple Entente was revealed thereby. The only reassuring point was, that since November 1910 Russia is not as much at the disposal of her friends as formerly

As regards the Triple Alliance there is one decidedly week point; viz. the frontier disputes between Italy and Austria and their rivalry about the north-west corner of the Balkan peninsula. It is well-known that both allies heap up soldiers and fortifications along the mountain ranges that separate their territory. In both countries there are always hotspurs demanding a war immediately. If it were not for the fact that both Governments are parties of the Triple Alliance, the danger of an Italian-Austrian war would now have to be faced. For in Vienna there is a powerful war party, that wants to utilize the opportunity of the Tripolitan expedition for fighting it out with Italy. The chief of the General Staff, Baron Conrad von Hotzendorf wrangled about this question with the leader of Austria's foreign policy, Count Aehrenthal. But Baron von Conrad had to go and Count Aehrenthal remained at his post. That is a symptom for the renewal of the Triple Alliance and for the maintenance of peace between Austria-Hungary and Italy.

That Signor Giolitti took special pains to declare Italy's wish of remaining in the Triple Alliance is easy to understand. Thereby the Italian Government has its hands free for the unexpectedly hard task of "annexing" Tripolis. The difficulties she has found for her plan of blockading the Dardanelles Straits are due, in the first place, to Russia's opposition. It is therefore a prominent political interest for the Italian Government, not to lose in the present moment the ties of friendship and alliance with Germany and Austro-Hungary.

THE MID-WINTER EXHIBITION OF THE BERLIN SECESSION.

As usual the graphic section of the winter exhibition covers by far the largest space; but the palm of merit this time falls to the works of sculpture in the Central Hall. There is a long list of highly meritorious works of art, and it is satisfactory that at least in the line of sculpture the fighting about theories has been abandoned and good workmanship is now considered the principal aim. The only distinction recognisable is not that of different ideals, but of more or less perfection in art. We saw some admirable work by Fritz Klimsch. The time, when he took his inspiration from Rodin, especially for his busts, is long past; then the influence of the Munich sculptor Adolf Hildebrand was conspicuous; now he has developed a style of his own, a mixture of modern boldness and Academic finish. The Torso of a woman shading her eyes with her right hand is of grand conception and attractive outline ; the advantage of contrasting shade and light, as suggested by the subject, is fully utilised. Then he exhibits a bathing girl of much natural grace and of cheerful vivacity. A tombstone ornament showing a female figure is excellent in its tragic and graceful style. Of entirely different style, but equally praiseworthy is the over-life-size bronze statue of Flora by Hermann Engelhardt. It is a handsome figure standing in an attitude of perfect composure, but enlivened by the contrasting lines of the extremities. By a certain dryness and the studied concealment of natural strength the work reminds us of some of the best Quarttrocento sculptures of Italy Georg Kolbe who was formerly too dependent on Rodin, has sent a charming head of a girl, not too elaborate but with a wonderful treatment of the material for creating the impression of animation. Of Rodin we have a great variety of works. Best of all is the portrait of the late musician Mahler, whose highly strung nerves and energy were a congenial subject for the sculptor But his figure of a squatting woman is obscene and tasteless and does not justice to a motive as old as the Egyptian excavations More astonishing still is that sweetish and feeble miniature group "Francesco and Paolo". It is really deplorable that a master like Rodin could forget himself to such an extent.

As regards graphic art, two foreign exhibitors stand in the foreground: Muirhead Bone and J. Pennell. Both take for their guidance Rembrandt's master-pieces of engraving and try to produce grand effects by the appropriate distribution of light and shade. The more refined artist is undoubtedly Bone. His landscapes, streets and old houses are submerged in an atmosphere of energy and character; his picturesque style gives even to insignificant subjects a certain novelty, interest and charm. It has been said that he is best in the lyric interpretation of nature. If that be true, we may call Pennell the born dramatist of engraving. His motives are, it will be remembered, derived from the work-shops of modern industry, like those of Pittsburg, or of modern town life with its sky-scrapers. It is instructive to compare his exhibits with those of Hans Baluschek of Berlin, who tried to treat the same subject. But while the Berlin artist gives us the impression of a dry chronicler, Pennell, with the magic wand of the great artist, gives us a world in motion, machinery that seems animated, pits of apparently enormous depth, smoke that appears to ascend; in short the places of modern life and work appear enlivened, picturesque, worth studying. A great deal of admirable workmanship is also displayed in the exhibits of other engravers. We mention the solid landscapes and heavy horses of Wilhelm Boehle, of Frankfurt, an artist who follows Aibrecht Durer very closely. The background of his landscapes is often extraordinarily fine and perspicuous; but on the whole his productions are lacking gracefulness, ease and liveliness. As a man versed in the technique of many arts Professor Emil Orlick proved himself again; we admire his portrait of the Swiss painter Hodler as a faithful and interesting physiognomic study. Ernest Oppler is best in his water colour: "The Turf"; the spectators are cleverly grouped together in one mass so as to contrast most efficiently against the mass of green. Louis Corinth has tried to give us realistic illustrations to the Song of Songs; but the highly flavoured and powerful odour of erotic enrapture is brought down to a love affair of preevish professional models of the artistic studios, so that an almost comic by-effect is caused by the difference. Of the traditional Saints of the very Modern School we have quite enough; Cezanne and Ganguin being represented by some miserable productions. Very enjoyable is the historical collection in one of the largest rooms; it comprises drawings and studies by many old German masters, such as Carstens, Koch, Genelli, Schnorr von Carolsfeld, Feuerbach, Schwind, etc. But the question may be asked, whether these fine specimens of genuine art are in any way connected with the Berlin Secession?

L. ASCH.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 3.

Sanction has been accorded to a survey being carried out by the agency of the North Western State Railway for a line of railway on the 2'6" gauge from Jacobabad station on the North Western State Railway to Kashmere, a distance of about 73 miles. The survey will be known as the Jacobabad-Kashmere Railway survey. And also to a re-survey being carried out by the agency of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway for a line of railway on the 2'6" gauge from Talegaon station on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway to Khed, a distance of about 22 miles. This survey will be known as the Talegaon-Khed Railway survey.

Sanction has been accorded to a detailed survey being undertaken by the Agency of the Bengal Nagpur Railway for a branch line of railway on the 5'6" gauge from Bhadrak station on the Khargpur-Khurda Road section of the Bengal Nagpur Railway to Chandballi, a distance of about 30 miles. This survey will be known as the Bhadrak-Chandablli Railway survey.

Captain G. J. W. Smyth, R. E., Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 7, Madras, is appointed Engineer-in-Chief, Lower Burma Railways Reconnaissance.

EUCHARISTIC CONGRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 3.

At the fourth All-India Eucharistic Congress, which opened at Mylapore this morning, a message of greeting was received from the Pope and the Bishop of Mylapore delivered the address of welcome to delegates from all parts of India. Fourteen archibishops and bishops are taking part in the proceedings, besides over 100 priests representing various dioceses and orders.

THE TROOPING SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 3.

The R. I. M. S. "Hardinge" has arrived here with drafts, from the hired transport "Dongola" from England after calling at Madras en route consisting of 129 N. C. officers and men of the Royal Munster Fusiliers, 144 N.-C. officers and men of the Border Regiment and 105 N.-C. officers and men of the East Surrey Regiment.

The vessel leaves on Saturday with the Royal Irish Rifles for Bombay en route to Kamptee.

TRIPOLI RELIEF FUND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 3.

A public meeting was held at Negapatam for the purpose of raising funds for the relief of Muslim sufferers in Tripoli. A sub-committee was formed to collect subscriptions. It is expected Rs 6,000 will be collected.

OWING to the delay to the English mail this week, the departure of the Karachi mail steamer will be postponed until after the arrival in harbour of the s. s. "Oceana". The Karachi, Sind, and Persian Gulf mails will consequently not be closed at the Bombay G. P. O. until 6 p.m. on Friday the 6th instant.

A MARRIAGE has been arranged and will take place in Bombay in April between Charles Cuningham Watson, Indian Civil Service, and Phyllis Marion, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Field, of 51, Brunswick Square, Hove, Sussex.

DR. M. A. Stein has returned to Peshawar to take charge of his new post as Superintendent of Archæological Survey, Frontier Circle. His deputation on special duty to England has enabled him to complete at the British Museum the arrangement and cataloguing of the great collection of antiquities, which rewarded his explorations in Central Asia and Westernmost China during 1906-08, and which at present forms the joint property of the Indian Government and the Trustees of the British Museum.

TRANS-PERSIAN RAILWAY.

MEETING TO DISCUSS FINANCE.

Britain, Russia and France Join in a Scheme.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 2.

Reuter learns that a meeting of the British, Russian and French banks will be held in the course of the next few days in Paris to arrange for the raising of a capital of £100,000 for the preliminary studies of the Trans-Persian Railway scheme by the Societe d'Etudes, whose business it will be to obtain the necessary concession from Persia, after definitely determining the alignment of the railway and making the final survey.

The Russian Committee possesses a nearly complete survey from Astara to Teheran, but only a preliminary survey from Teheran to Guettar on the Perso-Baluchistan frontier.

Both Britain and Russia approved the scheme in principle a year ago, and Russia has since promised definitely to support the scheme. Britain has, meanwhile, consulted the Government of India, which advocates that the Indian junction should be at Karachi instead of Nushki, and that the line should enter the British sphere at Bander Abbas, instead of Kerman.

The Russian Committee deprecates the long detour by Bunder Abbas and recommends that the line should run from Karachi to Guettar, and thence northward via Kerman. The Government of India, also want a break in the gauge, wherever the railway reaches the limit of the British sphere. Other conditions put forward are that Russia shall not without the assent of Britain support any proposal for railway construction near the Perso-Afghan frontier, and that equality of treatment in trade, shall be guaranteed.

Britain has also proposed the construction of branch lines, of which three within the neutral sphere would be internationalised, and another line from Bunder Abbas or Charbar to Kerman which would be purely British.

The Russian Committee do not anticipate any serious difficulty in raising the capital for the railway, nor regarding permission from Persia to prosecute the scheme.

THE PERSIAN TROUBLE.

Russian Executions at Tabriz.

TEHERAN, JAN. 3.

It is reported from Tabriz that the Russians have executed eight persons there, including Sikat-ul-Islam, who was considered to have been implicated in the recent fighting.

Two Russian regiments have Left Kasvin for Resht.

POSITION IN THE SOUTH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 3.

The *Pioneer's* correspondent in Southern Persia writes :—"The situation in Southern Persia remains more or less the same. The attempt at a boycott of British goods at Shiraz resolved itself for a few days into the Indian troops, stationed there finding a difficulty in obtaining supplies, but this has now fizzled out. The disposition of the Indian troops now in Persia is as follows :—Ispahan, one squadron of the Central India Horse and a maxim; Shiraz, two squadrons of the Central India Horse and 50 men of the 7th Rajputs, under a British officer and two maxims; Bushire, one squadron of the Central India Horse and 50 men of the 7th Rajputs under a British officer.

The 79th Carnatics who have been supplying consular guards at Shiraz and Bushire have now been relieved and are proceeding to India. At the time of writing these dispositions have been slightly modified as half a squadron of the Central India Horse from Bushire is en route to Kazerun, half way to Shiraz, escorting Mr. Smart who is the new Consul at Shiraz, while a half squadron from Shiraz, will meet them at Kazerun and escort the Consul onwards. Mr. Knox, Consul at Shiraz, will then proceed to Ispahan under the escort of half a squadron. There is a certain amount of unrest below the surface, mullahs being at the bottom of it, and recently before the start of Mr. Smart's escort a rumour got into circulation that the Khan of Borazjen, the halting place at the second stage from Bushire had been trying to stir up trouble and was endeavouring to get other petty chiefs to combine with him to resist the troops. This has, however, all fizzled out as far as can be ascertained, and it does not seem as if there is any prospect of trouble. A run on the Imperial Bank of Persia was organized recently as part of a hostile demonstration, but it has been effectively met already. One consignment of specie has arrived, and another is now en route, while the fact that notes issued by the Bank at Shiraz, Bushire and elsewhere are only valid at the place of issue, prevents any combined scheme for the whole district.

Colonel Douglas and Major Birdwood hoped to join hands with their squadrons of the Central India Horse on the 2nd instant: The 3rd Squadron is at Ispahan and the remainder are at Bushire.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 3.

News has been received in Calcutta from Persia to the effect that Mr. Smart, whose wound is slight has been able to accompany Major Birdwood from Kazarun, and that they have effected a junction with Colonel Douglas's party without incident and are now en route for Shiraz.

MADRAS, JAN. 3.

The following resolutions were passed by the Madras-Persian Society :—

That the Madras Persian Society indignantly condemns the savage robbery perpetrated by Russians in Tabriz. That they appeal to civilized nations to help the Persian constitution from the usurpation of Russia.

That Indian Mussalmans should join with their Persian brethren and boycott Russian and English goods as these Governments are trying to wipe away Islamic Powers from the world.

SECOND TEST MATCH.

Brilliant Victory for England.

MR. FOSTER'S FINE BOWLING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MELBOURNE, JAN. 3.

The second test match has resulted in the victory of England by eight wickets.

The match was continued this morning in perfect weather before a large crowd. The pitch was wearing well. Australia's remaining two wickets carried the total to 299, Foster capturing six wickets for 91.

England then scored 219 for two wickets winning as stated above.

LONDON, JAN. 3.

Hobbs scored 126 not out, in three hours twenty-seven minutes. He gave no chance in a superb innings, and hit eight fours.

NEW TEST MATCH CAPTAIN.

MR. J. W. H. T. DOUGLAS.

Some men have greatness thrust upon them. Of such, writes Laurence Wodehouse in the "Daily Mail," is Mr. John William Henry Thomas Douglas, the Essex cricket captain, who owing to the illness of Mr. P. F. Warner is called upon to captain England in Australia.

Mr. "Alphabet" Douglas, as he has been nicknamed in England, was born in Middlesex in 1882, and is therefore only twenty-nine years old, a very tender age at which to have to assume the leadership of an England team in a Test match, more especially when that match takes place in Australia. He was educated at Felsted, and made his first appearance in the Essex team in 1904. To the casual observer Mr. Douglas's batting does not appeal. He is of the dogged, patient order of batsmen, though when it pleases him he can hit hard and often. Already in Australia he has been the object of much barracking, and the Australian wits have rather happily nick-named him "Johnny Won't Hit To-day," thus neatly employing his many initials. His very doggedness, however, seems at last to have won the admiration of the Australian crowd, for when he completed his century at Brisbane against an Australian XI, he received a tremendous ovation, although he had scored at the rate of only 25 runs an hour. A right-handed medium fast to fast bowler, Mr. Douglas has bowled with conspicuous success in Australia and though he has met with a certain amount of unkind criticism in England his deeds should surely, silence his detractors.

Mr. Douglas's experience of captaincy in first-class cricket is not of very long standing, for it was only last season that he was asked to take command of the Essex county team. At once, however, he made his personality felt. Essex cricket was in a very poor way. There was plenty of talent in the team, but the play was very apathetic and the fielding inclined to be slovenly. Mr. Douglas set about his task with an enthusiastic energy which proved quite infectious. Essex cricket revived, as also did the public's interest in it. The keenness of the new captain, who batted, bowled, and fielded as if his very life depended on it, roused the Essex team from its apathy and a very satisfactory season's work was the result. The captain himself during the season scored over twelve hundred runs and captured eighty-two wickets. His greatest triumph, however, was reserved for the most important and interesting fixture of the year—namely, the Gentlemen v. Players match at Lord's. The Gentlemen had started very indifferently, and matters looked black when Mr. Douglas and Mr. Warner became associated. Barnes and Iremonger, also members of the present team in Australia, were bowling with deadly precision, and the pitch was by no means easy. In spite of the murmurings of the crowd, who failed to realise the difficulties of the situation, Mr. Douglas offered a most stubborn defence, and his efforts were crowned with success, for in the end the Gentlemen pulled the game round and gained a notable victory, the Essex captain's share being ninety-four runs and seven wickets, a grand performance on such an occasion and in face of such difficulties.

Undoubtedly England's new captain owes much of his grit and courage to his experience in the Ring, for he is an exceptionally fine boxer, and has won the amateur middle-weight championship of England. He has had on the gloves in sparring matches with such redoubtable opponents as Tommy Burns, the ex-heavy weight champion of the world, and Bombardier Wells, who is the heavy-weight champion of England. The bout between Mr. Douglas and Burns was a very brisk set to, altogether different from those light-sparring affairs one is accustomed to see when amateur and professional meet. Not in the least daunted by the facts that he was meeting a world's champion and that he was giving away much weight, Mr. Douglas "sailed into" his man briskly, and fairly astonished the champion. While the three rounds lasted the amateur gave as much as he got, and Burns found that he had to do all he knew to avoid heavy punishment. It was no kid glove affair, and no one was more delighted at the end of the bout than the champion himself, who spoke in the highest terms of his opponent's pluck and skill.

Mr. Douglas will need all his pluck and all his judgment in the Test matches, for the Australians are, as a rule, exceedingly fine strategists on the cricket field. Moreover, the conditions in Australia are altogether different from those under which Test matches are played in England. Every Test match "down under" is played to a finish, consequently there is no reason to force the pace, and the earlier batsmen can settle themselves down to wear down the bowling and tire out the fieldsmen. The new English captain is also handicapped by the fact that his second in command, Mr. F. R. Foster, the young Warwickshire captain, is also paying his first visit to Australia, and he, too, has had no previous experience of Test matches either in England or Australia. Truly Mr. Douglas is face to face with a most difficult situation, more especially when it is remembered that, besides Mr. Warner, various other members of the touring side have from one reason or another been on the sick list, and must cause considerable anxiety to those who select the England team as to whether they are fit enough to stand the strain of a Test match played to a finish.

THE TURKISH MINISTRY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, JAN. 3.

The Ministry has practically been reconstituted on the lines of the Committee of Union and Progress.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

LONDON, JAN. 3.

The Consols to-day rose to 77 5-8, hardening on the announcement that three millions sterling would be allotted to the sinking fund in the Financial year 1911-12.

AVIATION SCHOOL AT SYDNEY.

SYDNEY, JAN. 3.

At the opening of the Aviation School here to-day, Hart, the first Australian to gain the air pilot's certificate, made flights with the Postmaster-General as passenger.

GOLD FOR INDIA.

PORT SAID, JAN. 3.

The P. and O. steamer "China" has shipped gold to the value of £354,600 for India.

THE LABOUR UNREST.

Threatening Situation in Lancashire.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 2.

The North and North-East Lancashire Manufacturers' Association has agreed to meet Sir George Askwith to-morrow to discuss the situation, but has decided to announce its fixed determination to adhere to the present position.

LONDON, JAN. 3.

A large meeting of representatives of the Cotton-masters' Federation and the Spinners, Cardroom Operatives and Weavers' amalgamations has met to discuss the question of an agreement.

Sir Charles Macara, presiding at the meeting of the Master-Spinners, declared that they had decided to institute a system of short time, not out of sympathy with the lock-out of the weavers, but through trading necessity, because less yarn was required.

It was resolved not to publish the result of the proceedings.

The Blackburn Trades Council, with which is affiliated fifty-five societies, has decided to recommend special levies on behalf of the operatives who are locked-out, and to ask the Federation of Trade Unions to convene a special conference to consider a stoppage of all the trades in sympathy.

SITUATION IN CHINA.

Imperialist Troops Retire from Hanyang.

PEKING, JAN. 2.

Yuan-Shi-Kai has obtained three million taels from the Empress Dowager.

HANKOW, JAN. 3.

The Imperialist troops have evacuated Hanyang, taking their batteries, and have entrained for the north.

Li-Yuan-Heng has promised not to occupy the positions vacated by the Imperial troops. An armistice is now being observed.

The previous fighting was not serious.

PEKING, JAN. 3.

Seven hundred soldiers, guarding the Lanchow Arsenal, have mutinied. It is feared that they will hold up traffic on the Siberian Railway.

THE THAMES CRUISERS.

Admiralty's Reply to the Iron Works.

LONDON, JAN. 3.

In reply to the Thames Ironworks' Receiver's letter, claiming that the company could start work immediately on an eight hours day, the Admiralty has replied that the tender of the Thames Ironworks is eighty thousand pounds sterling above any other tender, and that the acceptance of it is irreconcilable with the thrifty administration of public funds. Further, that unless a strong firm intervenes to complete the contract at ruling trade prices, the orders for the two cruisers must be given elsewhere.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

Strong Speech by Imperial Chancellor.

LONDON, JAN. 3.

The German Chancellor, in an election manifesto, says: "We need a Reichstag ready to continue our past economic policy, and maintain an army and fleet permanently in a state of the highest efficiency, and, therefore, the final subjection of the Socialists, whose existence is a danger. The solidarity of the people is a life-question for the Fatherland."

ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS

LONDON, JAN 3.

The *Arbitrator*, the organ of the International Arbitration League, publishes New Year messages of good-will to Germany from Lord Haldane, Mr. Harcourt, Mr. Mackenna, Mr. Buxton, Sir Herbert Samuel, Mr. Joseph Pease and Mr. Hobhouse.

CAPTAIN LUX.

PARIS, JAN. 3.

The military authorities have ordered Captain Lux not to attend any fetes or receptions, and not to accept any fund that may be started in his honour.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE STATUE.

LONDON, JAN. 3.

Six thousand pounds sterling has been subscribed for a statue to be erected to the late Miss Florence Nightingale in London.

A SILENT AEROPLANE.

LONDON, JAN. 3.

The new silent military aeroplane has made several flights at Aldershot, attaining a speed of sixty miles an hour.

UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.

SYDNEY, JAN. 2.

The University has created three new Chairs of Political Economy and Commerce, Botany and Applied Chemistry.

H. M. S. "ORION."

LONDON, JAN. 2.

H. M. S. "Orion" has been commissioned at Portsmouth.

ROYAL VISIT TO CALCUTTA.

Great Personal Popularity of the King.

AN INCIDENT AT KIDDERPUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 3.

The King-Emperor held a levee last night at Government House, when about a thousand presentations were made.

His Imperial Majesty entered the Throne Room punctually at half-past nine with the Duke of Teck, and attended by the Governor-General, the Marquis of Crewe, the Lord High Steward, Captain Godfrey Faussett and Major Lord Charles Fitzmaurice. The remainder of the suite grouped themselves in the Throne Room and the usual procedure of a levee was followed.

Gentlemen with the private entree to Government House were first presented, followed by those of the public entree. The officers of regiments in Calcutta were presented together. The function lasted an hour and a quarter and was a most picturesque one.

The King-Emperor is adding to his already extraordinary personal popularity in Calcutta by riding freely about the Maidan of a morning and motoring with Lord Hardinge unattended. The other day he went through the slums in the Bhawanipur quarter of the town in this way, to see things for himself. On his way to the parade yesterday he also left his suite, behind and rode through the crowd.

A correspondent of the *Englishman* writes in this connection : "Just before His Majesty arrived at the junction of Kidderpur Road, a large crowd of natives, who were standing behind a barrier some two hundred yards away from the Red Road, broke through and swarmed in hundreds up to the low wall, when His Majesty arrived at this point. A "parawallah" (constable) was busy brandishing his lathi and bringing it down on public heads in a dutiful and vigorous effort to make the crowd return. His Majesty was riding on the fringe of the crowd, and saw the eager constable at work. His Majesty raised his hand as a signal to the constable to stop, and the constable immediately ceased his onslaught on the devoted heads of the people. The little incident, it is needless to say, created a great impression amongst the crowd, who cheered His Majesty with great heartiness, and who cheered again and again when the Queen-Empress passed by a few minutes later."

A presentation was made to the Queen-Empress on Tuesday afternoon by Lady Hardinge, attended by Mrs. Edwin Davies, Chief Lady Superintendent of the Minto Nursing Association, of a copy of the annual report of this useful Association, in which Her Imperial Majesty takes much interest.

The King-Emperor receives the University address at Government House here next Saturday.

Their Imperial Majesties attend the Tollygunj Horse Show to-morrow.

A pleasing feature of the presentation of native officers to His Majesty at the Garden Party yesterday afteroon was that the King spoke to each man in Hindustani.

At the polo match on New Year's Day, Col. Apostolides was called up by His Majesty, and asked how he was faring from the effects of the accident he sustained in the Coronation procession at home.

THE FIREWORKS.

Their Imperial Majesties attended the torch light tattoo and fireworks which were held upon a very large scale on the Calcutta Maidan to-night. They ramained to the very end occupying a raised dais just outside the gate of Government House. The show was a fine one of its kind, all the regiments in Calcutta co-operating in the displays. The whole of Calcutta turned out and there must have been half a million people around the barriers, but every one was good humoured and up to now, half-past-eleven, no accidents of any importance has been reported, though the pressure along Red Road and other avenues to the show is very great from sheer weight of numbers.

A Press communique states that His Imperial Majesty has graciously consented to receive an address from the Bengal Legislative Council at Prinsep's Ghat on the occasion of his departure from Calcutta on the 8th instant.

The following Press communique has been issued :—Recipients of the Durbar Medals are informed that miniature medals are being struck at His Majesty's Mint, Calcutta, and will shortly be obtainable on application to the Mint Master. The prices of the miniatures will probably be as follows :—Miniature gold Durbar medal with brooch Rs. 32 ; silver gilt ditto Rs. 5 ; silver Rs. 3-8. The miniatures will not be fitted with ribbon.

CORONATION POLO.

The finals in the Coronation Polo Tournament were played off to-day before a very large assemblage of spectators, when the Scouts beat the 10th Lancers easily by fifteen goals to six goals, play not being of a very interesting character as the Scouts were much too strong for their opponents.

While the fourth chukker was in progress, His Majesty the King drove to the ground in a motor-car and stayed till the end of the game. He was graciously pleased to hand the Polo Gold Cup to H. H. the Maharajah af Rutlam, whom he congratulated on the signal success of his team. The Maharajah called for three cheers for His Imperial Majesty, in which all present joined heartily.

The teams were :—

The Scouts—1, Mr. K. Ratan Singh ; 2, His Highness the Maharajah of Kissengarah ; 3, Capt. Barrett ; 4, H. H. the Maharaja of Rutlam.

The 10th Hussars—1, Major the Honorable W. J. Cadogan ; 2, Mr. E. A. Fielden ; 3, Sir B. S. Bruke ; 4, Mr. R. Gordon Canning.

Result :—Scouts, fifteen goals ; Hussars, six goals.

THE scheme for the creation of a Legislative Council for the Central Provinces is now before the India Office.

MR. A ST. JOHN, Commissioner in Burma, and Mr H. F. Lawe, Assistant Commissioner, have resigned the Indian Civil Service.

THE CHANGE OF CAPITAL.

The "Statesman" Alters its Tone.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 3.

Reverting to the move of the capital to Delhi, the "Statesman," which at first criticised the measure strongly, but subsequently refrained from comment in order not to mar the harmony of the Royal welcome to Calcutta, now says :—

"We believe we are expressing the general opinion in Calcutta, when we say that there will be little disposition to demand the undoing of what has now been done."

The *Englishman* hears that the Viceroy in future years will spend three or four weeks at Calcutta about Christmas, in spite of the move to Delhi. The present Government House is to be retained for his residence, and Belvedere is to be occupied by the Governor of Bengal.

The *Englishman* understands that the buildings in Calcutta now occupied as the Imperial Secretariats will be used after the transfer of the capital as the Secretariats of the new Governor, while the Police Courts and the Police offices will be given Writers' Buildings.

LAHORE, JAN. 3.

It is stated that arrangements are being made for the transfer of the headquarters of the Delhi division to Ambala in consequence of Delhi city being about to be shifted from the Punjab jurisdiction to that of the Imperial Government.

FATAL ACCIDENTS AT KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

A Maistry and a Cooly Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JAN. 3.

Two fatal skip accidents are reported from the Champion Reef Mine. While a skip road maistry was at work just above the 19th station of the Carmichael's shaft, a descending skip struck him and he fell to within thirty feet of the 29th level, being killed outright.

In the Ribblesdale shaft a cooly was holding a candle to two others cutting a plank in the chute at the 28th level when a skip that was hoisted without a signal from below jammed him between the skip and the skip road.

The Inspector of Mines is holding an enquiry touching the conduct of Bunker Stokes who, it is alleged, had failed to give the signal.

A TRADES MARK CASE.

Cigarette Merchant Prosecuted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 3.

A case of considerable importance began today before the District Magistrate, Rangoon, in which Mr F. M. Jonas, merchant and manufacturer, is prosecuting Mr. A. W. Binning of Messrs. Binning and Co., merchants, for the offence under section 7 of the Indian Merchandise Marks Act 5 of 1889. The complainant's case is that the defendant's firm amongst various other brands of cigarettes import into and sell in Burma the brand known as Salsobil manufactured by the Peninsular Tobacco Company, Ltd., and that labels, coverings and general get up of tins of this brand is such as reasonably calculated to deceive the purchaser into the belief that the contents of tins are Egyptian cigarettes and the general get up is also of a false trade description within the meaning of the Indian Merchandize Marks Act. The case is proceeding.

THE ABOR EXPEDITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

YAMBUNG, JAN. 2.

News has been received from the mission in the Yamne Valley that Mr. Oakes, of the Survey Department, has seen from above the village of Sibhum the Tsangpo Valley, the supposition from this being that the Tsangpo and the Dihong join. The latter is the main feeder of the Brahmaputra. From a hill just above this camp, snow-peaked mountains about 16,000 feet high can be seen. These are probably the mountains mentioned by Kinhap in his account.

SIMLA, JAN. 3.

The General Officer commanding the Abor Expedition telegraphs from Yambung on January 2nd that the Dihong exploration party camped just north of Komsing where the people were very friendly. The Yamen Valley party arrived at Chomsing where they found the people very friendly. The Survey Officer had a view of the Valley of the Tsanpo and done a great a deal of useful geographical survey.

TRANSPORTATION SENTENCE REDUCED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JAN. 3.

Judgment has been delivered by the Second Additional Judicial Commissioner of Oudh in the appeal of Narayan, a Lucknow carpenter, who was convicted by the Sessions Judge and sentenced to transportation for life for murdering his wife and her paramour. The Hon'ble Mr. Rafique, Second Additional Judicial Commissioner, upheld that the appellant had both grave and sudden provocation to commit the deed and set aside the conviction of murder, but found him guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and reduced the sentence to one of three years' rigorous imprisonment.

INDIAN BANK OF MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 3.

The gross profits of the Indian Bank, Limited, Madras, for the year ending 31st December amounted to Rs. 2,28, 437-0-1 after allowing for expenses on account of interest to depositors, establishment and other charges amounting to Rs 1,36,171-13-7. Net profit for the year amounts to Rs. 92.265-2-6 adding to this a balance of Rs. 2,624-4-5 brought forward. The total amounts to Rs 94,889-6-11 out of which a sum of Rs. 30,000 was declared as interim dividend for the first half of the year ended 30th June and Rs. 3,504-5-3 was written off the account of branch preliminary expenses. Thus a balance of Rs 61,385-1-8 is now available for disposal. The working capital of the Bank now stands at Rs. 39,05,61-2-2 compared with Rs. 3,390,307-8-0 at the close of 1910.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

THE CONGRESS. The magic of the Great Presence pervades everything in India at this happy hour. It has done wonders. It has sweetened the temper of the Indian National Congress. The President of the Congress, the Chairman of the Reception Committee and other guns, about as big, were loud and exuberant in praise of the King. They overflowed with gratitude for the splendid education grant of fifty lakhs, with a promise of larger sums to come; and, still more, for the modification of the Partition of Bengal. This healing measure has almost reconciled our Bengali brethren to the dethronement of Calcutta. Nay, Pandit Bishan Narayan Dhar, the President, rather belauded the change, observing that the high honour which has been conferred upon Delhi by our King-Emperor will be most deeply appreciated by millions of his subjects, and added, very sensibly, that "Calcutta would not lose its importance, because that lay in the wealth, culture and public spirit of its people." Brave words these, which found a cordial echo subsequently in a speech delivered by Mr. Surendranath Bannerji. The President's discourse, if we except one or two passages, was temperate and well-reasoned, and the rest of the speakers took their cue from him. He was, no doubt, very critical occasionally, and was particularly bitter in his strictures on the educational policy of Government. But that is a sort of tribute which all his predecessors in the chair have had to pay for the honour done to them. Otherwise, how can they deserve it? And, surely, they cannot disappoint expectations. They must curse, if they do not bless. But the Pandit has done both, and he has been more profuse in his blessings. I do not think any other person occupying the chair of the Congress has been so liberal in praise of the British rule; and he prayed Heaven for its continuance for ever and aye. The chorus was much in the same strain. Indeed, the one fact which stands out pre-eminently in the proceedings of the Congress this year is praise of British justice and a cordial acknowledgment of the necessity of the British connection for the welfare and advancement of India. The Pandit owned that the rule "has been marked by great and lasting benefits to the Indian people," and that "a genuine and active interest in the welfare of the masses, as is shown by its famine, plague and agrarian measures, is its abiding and noblest feature." Let us hope that the sober and healthy sentiments evoked by recent events will remain a lasting possession of Indian leaders, upon whom devolves the responsibility, now more solemn than ever, of moulding the public opinion and guiding it aright.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION. The President admitted that Western education was the most blessed gift of England to India. But his heart bleeds for the masses, who are steeped in ignorance. He is an enthusiastic supporter of Mr. Gokhale's propaganda in favour of free and compulsory education, and has pronounced his benedictions on his Bill. Its supporters have been delighted to find the Aga Khan, too, in favour of this proposal. It is true that among the countries owning civilized sway, India is the most backward in regard to education. But is it prepared for the drastic measure, while 94 per cent. of the population are still illiterate? In view of the difficulties that confront us, one may not find himself in agreement with those who imagine that it is possible to pour over this dark land a flood of universal, all-pervading, light, in the hope that India may rise one morning and find herself enlightened. The advocates of compulsion make light of the difficulty of securing qualified teachers for the millions who, thirsting for knowledge, will flock to school. Unqualified teachers can be had in any number, and Mr. Gokhale declared, in a speech recently delivered by him in Bombay, that any education was better than no education, So Pope's dictum that a litttle learning is a dangerous thing is a rank heresy. I, for one, hold it to be one of those partial truths which must not be taken too literally. It is believed that the ryot, when he is armed with a little knowledge, will be better able to fight the sowcar on his own ground. Universal smattering has not proved in the countries, where the experiment has been tried, a panacea for all ills. But it is a step in the right direction; only it has to be determined, when that step might be taken with advantage. Mr. Gokhale has enlisted the support of fifty municipalities for his measure, and was bitterly sarcastic on the Bombay Corporation, because it has not fallen in bodily with his plan. He is mortified to behold that it is too slow and halting for his terrific pace, and he predicts that if it is slow and unwilling to lead, it will be driven, before very long, God willing, to follow. The time for compulsory education may not be at hand and its introduction, off hand, may be open to question. But I do not think there can be two opinions on the meagreness of educational expenditure in India as compared with European countries. We cannot, of course, come up to their standard ; the conditions are widely, perhaps fundamentally, different. But even bearing this circumstance in mind, it may be confidently asserted that if England spends 10s. per head on education, and if poor, backward Russia spends seven pence and a half, it is the duty of our Government to contribute something more than a poor penny per head of the population. But we are moving along the right track, and the Government has been mending its pace. There are signs that it will hasten less slowly in the future than in the past, and for this we are truly grateful.

VISIONS. There was no reference to boycott and little to Swadeshism at the Congress. But the President considered it his duty to refer to self-Government on Colonial lines as the goal of true patriots. This is a vague longing, a dim ideal, which has not yet taken definite shape or substance. The proposal is dubious, tentative, informal, shadowy. It is either that it is not realized what it means exactly, and where it will lead ultimately; or that its advocates have formulated a certain design, which they are afraid to own to themselves, and still less to confide to the public. Home rule in perfect harmony with the maintenance of the British rule,—the rule which was described at this Congress as a divine blessing conferred on India,—is a problem which is likely to baffle solution. I should rather do the work which lies ready to my hand, leaving the remote future to take care of itself. I should rather apply my mind to the practical work lying in front of me, than lose myself in airy speculations or cloudy visions. So I shall not concern myself with Home Rule or autonomy, or whatever it may be called. I take comfort in the faith which is in me, that we are moving onward to better times.

THE CONGRESS AND THE COUNCILS. We are told that in consequence of the wider representative element introduced into the Legislative Councils, there is no reason any longer for the Congress. It is argued that popular representatives have now been afforded an opportunity of expressing the views of their constituents at the very seat of Government. It must not be forgotten that their scope as members is limited, their liberty is circumscribed, and their range is bounded by the functions prescribed for these bodies. The Congress, on the other hand, affords a full, free and unlimited range for the airing of grievances and of patriotic aspirations. Subjects may be discussed from the Congress platform, which can never be included in the proceedings of the Legislative Councils. In the Congress one can roam at will over a wide field, and indulge, if he chooses, all his fads and fancies. The Councils cannot, therefore, be an adequate substitute for the Congress. This is an All-India institution, which seeks to bring together the heterogeneous mass which comprises its population on one common platform ; to unite, —rather a tough job,—all communities and creeds in one bond. The President of the Congress held forth the olive branch to the Moslems, and the Moslems will not, it would seem, be disinclined to regard the advances on the other side with favour. The last Congress was attended, we are told, by a larger number than usual of Mahomedans. They held a meeting lately in Calcutta at which it was decided "to change their policy towards other communities," and some signs of the change are already visible. The proposals for Hindu and Moslem Universities are not pressed forward as rival schemes. Each side is rather ostentatious in favouring the project of the other. The Aga Khan has made a handsome contribution to the Hindu University, to which the Maharaja of Darbhanga has replied with a donation to the Mahomedan University. There are signs that the tension between the two communities is slackening, and they may yet work together in harmony.

DION.

FRONTIER OUTLAWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 3.

A Bannu correspondent of the *Tribune* reports a scuffle, which occurred at the village of Sukkuri in the Bannu District on the night of the 24th of December, in which Fazli, a notorious outlaw, was held up by a mulla and his wife, while with two companions he was walking away with plunder and was killed by falling down a well. His two companions were also captured subsequently.

GUARD'S ALLEGED THEFT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COONOOR, JAN. 3.

This afternoon R. E. Motgomery, a guard of the South Indian Railway, who was charged by the Police under Section 381 I. P. C. with alleged theft appeared before Mr. C. G. Mackay, I. C. S., First Class Magistrate. The Magistrate thought that he had no jurisdiction to try the case and transferred the case to the court of the District Magistrate of Coimbatore, for hearing on the 8th inst. The accused was released on a bail of Rs. 500.

BOMBARDMENT OF LISBON.

Socialist Accusations against King Alfonso.

In "Humanite" of December 18th M. Fabra-Ribas, continuing his revelations of an alleged "international plot" against the Portuguese Republic, accuses King Alfonso and certain of his Ministers of having seriously considered the bombardment of Lisbon after the revolution of October, 1910. The revolution, says the writer, foiled a plan concerted between King Alfonso and King Manoel through the Marquis de Villalobar, Spanish Minister in Lisbon, for the conclusion of a personal alliance between the two Sovereigns.

The writer describes a Cabinet Council held in great secrecy at the Palacio de Oriente in Madrid at which King Alfonso was present, and at which Senor Cobrian, Minister of Finance and the King's solicitor, addressing Senor Aria de Miranda, Minister of Marine, said : "Then it is understood that to-morrow at break of day the Carlos V. and the other vessels of the fleet can begin the bombardment of Lisbon." The Minister of Marine replied in the affirmative, aiding that the fleet was only awaiting the order to weight anchor.

A Minister who was a friend of Senor Canalejas, the Premier, and whom the Prime Minister had asked to come to the Council and support him, raised objections to taking so important a decision precipitately, whereupon King Alfonso, "visibly nettled," expressed his conviction that no Minister would fail in the obedience due to the Premier. Thereupon Senor Canelejas intervened in support of his friend saying that the attitude of the other Powers would first have to be ascertained.

The "Humanite" article further states that the Spanish Premier complained that he was compelled to tolerate the presence of three or four thousand Portuguese conspirators along the frontier.

"Senoor Canelejas," adds M. Fabra-Ribas cannot deny that the King of Spain was the chief conspirator and the principal foe of his Spanish Fatherland, since he sought to let loose the most terrible of wars in the Peninsula.

LODGE TRUTH, (E.C.), BOMBAY.

THE installation ceremony of this Lodge was held with every success at the Freemasons' Hall, Bombay, last evening. The retiring Master, Mr. W. Darby, unfortunately was unable to be present, as he is taking leave in England, and his successor, Mr. W. H. Leach, was accordingly installed by another Past-Master, Mr. G. H. Traplen. Following his installation, Mr. Leach appointed officers as follows:—S. D., Mr. W. E. Davies ; J. D., Mr. F. H. Simkin ; Sec. Mr. R. D. Hughes ; Assist. Sec. Mr. G. F. Chalke; S. D., Mr. G. W. Claridge; J. D., Mr. A. M. Simpson ; I. G., Mr. H. Knight; Tyler, Mr. A. E. Cook. The Lodge was visited by the Grand Master of the Bombay District (Mr. Owen Dunn) with his officers, and addressing the members the Grand Master wished the Lodge every success during its jubilee year, and felt sure that the traditions which it had established during so many years' working would be fully maintained. The Substitute Grand Master of All Scottish Freemasonry in India (Mr. H. P. Gibb) also attended with his officers.

After the ceremony of installation and appointment of officers, the members of the Lodge and their guests sat to the number of about eighty at dinner. The tables were daintily decorated by Mrs. Leach with white roses and chrysanthemums and with pale blue silk. During dinner, music was played by the band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers and afterwards the songs of members and guests concluded the enjoyment of a pleasant and instructive evening.

NEW PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE.

MR. FRANK OLIVIERA, B.A., LL.B. has been appointed Fourth Presidency Magistrate vice Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalwad, Bar-at-Law, who has been promoted Third Presidency Magistrate, the post having been rendered vacant by the death of Mr. J. W. S. Dracup.

SPORTING NEWS

CALCUTTA RACES.

King-Emperor's Cup.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 3.

There was a very large attendance to witness the discussion of a very attractive card which contained two important races viz., the King-Emperor's Cup and the Metropolitan. Betting was very brisk, but punters were worse off in the deal as favourite after favourite went down with sickening regularity. Their Excellencies drove in state a little after the first race and received Their Majesties when they came in state about half an hour after. They stayed on till after the fifth race and then left amidst deafening cheers. The following are the details.

TALLYHO PLATE.—Racecourse, and a distance over seven flights.

Mr. Scott's Proprietor, 9st.....Mr. Evers 1
Mr. Kenworthy's Sholto 10st. 2lbs.....Hayhoe 2
Messrs. Das and Norton's True Love, 9st. 12lbs. McNeilage 3

ALSO RAN :—Sequent 11st. 7lbs., Fearless Boy 9st. 7lbs.

BETTING.—Evens Sequent, twos Sholto, sixes True Love, tens and more the rest.

THE RACE.—Sequent led from start, but after the five furlong post was reached Sholto and Proprietor joined the leader, the latter winning after a ding dong finish by 2 lengths; 2 1-2 lengths between the second and third. Time—3 min. 23secs.

Winner trained by the Owner.

PONY HANDICAP.—One mile.

Mr. Galstaun's Circus Girl, 7st. 7lbs.....Bowley 1
H. H. the Kour Saheb's Waiata, 9st. 2lbs. Brown 2
Mr. Fitch's Son of a Gun, 8st. 9lbs.....Barrett 3

ALSO RAN :—First Bell 10st. 9lbs. The Plum, 8st. 7lbs. Little Corporal 7st. 4lbs., Ragged Maid 6st. 10lbs.

BETTING.—First Bell, five to two Waiata, threes Son of a Gun, sixes The Plum, tens and more the rest.

THE RACE.—There was a delay owing to the arrival of His Majesty the King, when however the field were despatched it turned out to be a bad start, Circus Girl leading with The Plum second and First Bell and Son of a Gun together last. The Plum dropped off right before the stand and Circus Girl won by 1 1-2 lengths, a head between second and third. Time—1min. 45 4-5secs.

Winner trained by Ferguson.

INNOVATION HANDICAP.—Six furlongs.

Mr. Gokuldass' Borgie, 9st. 12lbs.....Hoyt 1
Mr. R.R. S's Leo Grande 9st. 12lbs.....P. Brown 2
Mr. Bargorjee's Hydra, 9st. 10lbs. } Murdison
Mr. Marshall's Hughie, 9st. 4lbs. } Dead heat. Barrett

ALSO RAN.—Safety Pin 9st. 2lbs. Spook 9st 12lbs., Etna 9st. 9lbs. Ask Mama 8st. 7lbs. Rupert, 8st. 4lbs., Ruling Passion 7st. 12lbs. Winnie R. 7st. 1 lbs., Encourage 7st. 10lbs. Master Priam 7st. 3lbs., Noskapis 6st. 8lbs.

BETTING.—Evens Hydra; fours Ask Mama, and Leo Grande; sixes Borgie; tens and more the rest.

THE RACE.—To a good start Borgie and Hughie led with Hydra in attendance, next led Grand. After a great race Borgie won by a neck, 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time, 1 min 16 1-5 secs.

Winner trained by Bleach.

KING EMPEROR'S CUP.—Race course.

Mr. Galstaun's Brogue 8st. 7lbs.....Whalley 1
Mr Gokuldass' Last Call 9st. 11lbs.....Hoyte 2
Mr. Kelso's Hilarity 8st. 9lbs.....Brown 3
Mr. G. K's Coat of Arms 8st. 2lbs.....Kuhn 4

ALSO RAN :—Five Crown 9st. 11b, Aborginee 9st. 11b., Black Buck 9st. 11lbs., Master Delaval 8st 13lbs., Black Douglas 8st. 11lbs., Mile 7st. 13lbs., Fidelity 7st. 12lbs., Pantoinette 7st. 4lbs., Wayward and Wild 7st. 4lbs., Realm 7st. 2lbs., Bachelor's Knot 7st. 2lbs., Collegian 7st., Mayfly 6st. 10lbs., and Lady Erna 6st. 10lbs.

BETTING :—5 to 1 Crown; sixes Brogue and Black Buck; tens Black Douglas, Hilarity, and Last Call; and any prices the rest.

THE RACE.—Bachelor's Knot and Wayward and Wild led up to the half mile, then Mile and Hilarity took up the running. Opposite the stand Hilarity looked a winner, but Brogue came with a rush and shaking off a tremendous challenge by Last Call won by 1 1-6 lengths, 1 length between second and third. Time,—2min. 52 secs.

Winner trined by Ferguson.

THE METROPOLITAN.—Six furlongs.

Mr. Mckerow's Victo 8st.....Barett 1
Mr. G. K's. Socialist 5 5lbs. Saxby } Dead heat.
Mr. Galstaun's Tangaroa 10st. 7lbs.....Wooton
Kour Saheb's Malmsey 8st. 5 lbs.....Firth 4

ALSO RAN.—Illumination 9st. 9lbs., Soultine 9st. 5lbs., Chobhan 9st., Neith 8st. 12., Lowsand 8st. 9lbs., Paul Pry 8st. 8lbs., Sperry 7st. 12lbs., Kilmarnock 7st. 4lbs., Watch Tower 7st. 2lbs., Devil's Dyke 7st. 2lbs. and Decidedly 7.

BETTING.—Twos Chobhans; threes Devil's Dyke Tangroa, sixes Soultline, Socialist and Paul Pry tens and more the rest.

THE RACE.—Malmsey led followed by Socialist, the rest in a bunch, a few lengths off; opposite the stand Victo rushed and snatched away the race from Socialist by 3-4 length, Tangaroa deadheated for second place.—Time, 1 min. 14secs.

Winner trained by Ramshaw.

THE NEW YEAR PLATE.—One mile and a half.

Mr. R. R. S's Longton 8st. 4lbs.....Brown 1
The Zemindar of Sivagiri's Sanhedrin 9st. 11lbs.....Barett 2
Mr. Gokulda.' Cheeky 7st. 7lbs.....Hoyte 3

ALSO RAN.—Herald 8st. 2lbs., Royal Scotland 9st. 11bs., Green Ware 8st. 8lbs., Devreux 8st. 2lbs., Tana 8st., Speedometer 7st. 7lbs., Best China 7st. 5lbs., Carnival 7st., and Pyers Mestyn 7st.

BETTING:—2 1-2 to 1 Langton; three to one Herald; fives Royal Scotland and Sanhedrin, eights to eighteen or more the rest.

THE RACE.—They all moved in a bunch till in the straight where Langton shot ahead and after a tremendous finish won the race by a head, 1 1-4 length between the second and third.

An objection was lodged against the winner and the second. Langton was disqualified and the race awarded to Sanhedrin, Herald occupied the third place.

Winner trained by Ramjee.

RACING AT MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 3.

A very successful little race meeting was held on the Island yesterday afternoon, in the presence of a fairly large attendance of spectators, which included His Excellency the Governor and Lady Carmichael. Details :—

CORONATION CUP.—Distance 3 furlongs.

The Zemindar of Sivagiri's Ninette (late Blunkey) 12st.....Mr. Fountain 1
Rajah Venugopaul Bahadur's Fashion, 12st Mr. Hannyngton 2
Mr. T. K. Wilson's Babette, 11st. 7lbs.....Owner 3

ALSO RAN :—Barefsce, 11st. 7lbs., and Dora, 10st.

THE RACE.—Ninette was most fancied by the public and fully justified their expectations. Mr. Fountain sent her to the front at once, and won a good race without difficulty. Time—41min. 4-5secs.

The totalisator paid Rs. 7 per Rs. 5 for the win, and Rs. 6-8 and Rs. 5-12 on the first two horses for places.

DELHI STAKES.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr. P. Hannyngton's S. Nancy, 11st. 7lbs. Owner 1
Mr. P. Hannyngton's J.P., 11st. 7 lbs...Mr. A. H. Steele 2
Capt. P. Heffernan's G. Melilla, 11st. 7 lbs.... Capt. Jarvis 3

ALSO RAN:—Bess, 11st.

THE RACE.—Here again the result was generally expected. Mr. Hannyington rode a good race on Nancy, and although Mr. Steele made a stray effort in the last three furlongs, the issue was not in doubt for long. Time.—1 min. 17 secs.

The totalizator paid Rs. 74 for a win and Rs. 5 on the two first horses for a place.

DURBAR CUP.—Distance 3 furlongs.

Mr. P.S. Thomas' Midas, 11st. 7 lbs...Capt. Jarvis 1
Capt. the Hon. C. Annesley's s. Rufus, 11st. 7lbs. Mr. P. Hannyngton 2
Rajah Venugopaul Bahadur's Monkey 11st..... Mr. Fountain 3

ALSO RAN.—Top Hole, 11st.

THE RACE:—Rufus was looked upon as a certainty for this race, and for some time appeared to have it well in hand. Captain Jarvis rode splendidly, however, and bringing along Midas at the right moment, a neck and neck struggle resulted in his mount just obtaining the verdict. Time 44—2-5 secs.

The totalisator paid Rs. 44-4 for the win, and Rs. 11 and Rs. 9 for places.

CHRISTMAS PURSE.—Distance 4 furlongs.

The Zemindar of Sivagiri's Ninette (late Blunkey), 11st. 12lbs.....Mr. Fountain 1
Rajah Venugopaul Bahadur's Cadaga, 12st. 7lbs.....Mr. Steele 2
Mr. M. E. S. Thompson's Lady May, 9st. 3lbs.....Owner 2

ALSO RAN:—Bareface, 10st. 13lbs.

THE RACE:—After her previous preformance, Ninette was made a hot favourite for this race and she had no difficulty in winning. Cadoga and Ninette showed well to the front from the start, and a close race ended in favour of the latter by a couple of lengths. Time, 54 3-5 secs.

The totalisator paid Rs. 8-4 for the win and Rs. 6 and Rs. 5-8 for places.

NEW YEAR HANDICAP—Distance 5 furlongs.

The Zemindar of Sivagiri's Bonny Jean, 12st 7lbs Mr. Fountain 1
Mr. H. A. Irwin's Golden Dream, 11st. 7lbs..... Mr. A. H. Steele 2
Mr. H. H.'Chettles' Bill Sutton, 11st. .....Owner 3

ALSO RAN :—Billy, 11st. 9lbs., Vienard 11st. 9lbs, Harsha 11st. and Nottai 10st. 7lbs.

THE RACE :—Mr. Fountain added another win to his previous successes. In this race Golden Dream was probably the most fancied horse and Mr. Steele rode a well judged race on her. Bonny Jean was however a winner all through the race and won by several lengths. Golden Dream and Bill Sutton had a great struggle for second place, the former gaining the verdict by half a length. Time, 1min. 7secs.

The totalisator paid Rs. 10-12 for the win and Rs. 6, Rs. 5-12, and Rs. 8-8 for places.

LORD KITCHENER.

His Popularity in Egypt.

Lord Kitchener's popularity in Egypt, writes a correspondent in Alexandria, has increased since his appointment as British Agent in such a manner as to bring about a remarkable change in the country. The Nationalist movement has for the time being almost died out.

The Egyptians go to Lord Kitchener for everything, and he sees all who come. There have been no times like these since the early days of Lord Cromer. During the early days of the war in Tripoli some Bedouin sheikhs went to see him, and explained that they wished to go to the assistance of their friends and relatives in Tripoli. Lord Kitchener listened gravely, and answered, "Yes, you may go, and as many of you men as you like to take, and I hope you will have good luck." Then he paused, and said slowly: "Now you Bedouins are exempt from military service by the favour of Mohammad Ali (the Khedive), but of course, if you go to Tripoli and beat the Italians, the exemption would be cancelled at once, for it would never do to lose the services of such good soldiers." The Bedouin chiefs were content, and did not go.

Some Egyptian officers also asked permission to go to the war, and to take a regiment of the Egyptian soldiers with them. "Yes, certainly," said Lord Kitchener, "You may go and at once." "But, it will take a long time to arrange transport," said the officers, "and there may be objections." "Oh, no," replied Lord Kitchener. "If I say you may go, you may go. Pray start to-morrow morning. There is only one thing though. The standing army of Egypt is small, and at this time I must have trained troops. If you take a regiment with you you must send to England for an English regiment to replace them." Needless to say the matter dropped, and the men did not go.

In discussing the war with some Arabs and Egyptians, I was staggered by the question, "But why did not we (the Egyptians) annex Tripoli?" The thought of the Egyptians annexing anything by force of arms took my breath away. I pointed out that to have done so would have been to have brought down the wrath of the Turks, and they would have made war upon Egypt. "Malesh (never mind)," was the reply, "Kitchener is here."

They do not regard Lord Kitchener as being so much associated with England as was even Lord Cromer. They seem to have annexed him; he belongs to them. Egyptian officers and men who have served under him simply idolise him. "I was with Kitchener in the Sudan," stamps a man with honour at once.

OLD LONDON.

Romance of "Pedlar's Acre" in the Law Courts.

In a case bearing the unsuggestive title of "Ex parte London County Council in re Lambeth Borough Council," Mr. Justice Neville delivered a judgment in mail week which decided the allocation of £81,000, now in Chancery, concerning which many romantic stories are current in Lambeth with respect to a fifteenth-century pedlar and his dog.

The entire sum was claimed by the Lambeth Borough Council, but as the churchwardens of the old Parish Church of Lambeth demanded that a proportion of it should be devoted to ecclesiastical purposes, the London County Council, who have paid the £81,000 for the famous "Pedlar's Acre" as a site for their new County Hall, put the money into Chancery, as they had no interests in participating in the dispute.

According to tradition—there are several legends which, while differing in details, come to practically the same thing in the end—there was in the fifteenth century a pedlar referred to by Sir Laurence Gomme in his book, "Folklore as an Historical Science," as Dog Smith, who bequeathed to the old Lambeth Parish an acre of riverside land—now known as Pedlar's Acre, upon condition that his dog, which had accompanied him on his travels, might be buried in the churchyard. Another version is that the gift was conditional upon a representation of himself and his dog being kept in one of the church windows. However this may be, both stories appear to gain point from the fact that a small window on the south side of the old parish church to this day has on it a painting of a pedlar with along staff and a pack, and accompanied by a dog.

Another story in explanation of the bequest tells how the pedlar took shelter from a storm under the wall of the old Lambeth Church on the very spot which subsequently sheltered Queen Mary and the "Young Pretender" in their flight.

It is said that the priest, finding the pedlar under the wall greeted him with the remark, "Thou art early for Vespers, my son." "I am not for Vespers, father," replied the pedlar. "I am for the road when rain threatens no longer." "Art thou an honest man?" asked the priest. Hast thou much custom? Dost thou mete out true measure? Yes, answered the pedlar, "I mete good measure to my detriment. It is tramp, tramp, tramp for but little gain." After some persuasion the priest induced the pedlar to join in the evening service, and years later, when Dog Smith was about to die, so this story goes he left his acre to the Church, praying that God might prosper the land to the Church as He had prospered him.

From a legal point of view the earliest record is in 1504, which shows that the receipts from the gift of the pedlar's acre only amounted to 2s. 8d. a year. At the time, however, when the L. C. C. acquired the estate the Lambeth Borough Council was getting £1,800 a year out of it, and this money was devoted to the reduction of the rates—being equivalent to a rate of a farthing in the pound. In the meantime, as the value of the land increased, it became the battlefield for many contending interests and various Acts of Parliament were passed, the effect of which his lordship had now to determine.

Mr. Justice Neville held that the legal estate was vested in the Lambeth Borough Council for civil purposes only, and directed the income of the fund to be paid to them for the relief of the general rate of the borough.

His Lordship suggested that the result of the researches made by the rector and churchwardens should be published as they were of considerable public interest.

TITULAR CHURCHES OF THE CARDINALS.

Romantic Names.

There is something exceedingly romantic, says a Home correspondent, about the names of the Roman churches, from which the cardinals take their titles. San Pudenziana, the titular church of the late Cardinal Wiseman, and since a few weeks of the present Archbishop of Westminster, is the oldest church in Rome, and actually preserves beneath its altar a part of the table on which St. Peter celebrated the Agapai with his converts. The Church of St. Gregory on the Coelian Hill, from which Cardinals Manning and Vaughan both took their titles, has attached to it the very monastery from which St. Gregory sent forth St. Augustine of Canterbury to preach to the heathen Saxons of England. The titular church of Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop of Baltimore, Santa Maria in Trastevere, was founded by St. Callixtus on a spot where a spring of healing oil was said to have welled up on the night of the Nativity.

But it was an interest of more modern days that prompted me to make an expedition to Frascati. During my investigations into the various titular churches within the city of Rome, I came upon the little seventeenth century church of Santa Maria, in Campitelli, a church of little or no historical value in itself, but, for a Stuart enthusiast fraught with historical romance. For it was in this little building, situated between the Capital and the Tiber, that Henry Stuart, the first and last son of an English king to be made a cardinal, took his title.

Probably few Englishmen who go to Rome happen to visit this church of a Saturday morning. If they did they would see an altar alight with thirty candles, from eleven to noon, and they would hear certain litanies recited there for the conversion of Britain to the old faith. But they would probably not perceive in this illuminated ceremony the abandonment to the will of God of the Stuart cause in Europe. They would consider it another example of the wax candle, painted-doll devotion of ignorant foreigners—a puny effort to turn John Bull papist.

A ROYAL CARDINAL.

I had been otherwise instructed, and I knew that James III. had, on the occasion of his second son Henry Benedict taking the tonsure, set aside a yearly sum for the holding of special services in the church which gave the youth his title of cardinal for the reconciliation of his lost kingdom to the Holy See.

It was all James III. had to hope for. His elder son's expedition to France and Scotland had been a complete fiasco and Henry's determination to embrace the ecclesiastical state ended, as far as his immediate descendants were concerned, the Stuart cause in England. Mann remarked jubilantly in one of his letters to Horace Walpole on the occasion, "The Cardinal Stuart, by putting on the cowl, has done more to extinguish his party than would have been effected by putting to death thousands of deluded followers."

The Duke of York did not become a priest until the September of the year following his elevation to the cardinalate. He said his first mass on the Feast of the Holy Innocents, and presented on the occasion to the Basilica of St. Peter's the magnificent gold chalice set with gems, which is still used for great ceremonies at the shrine of the Apostles.

His appointment to the bishopric of Frascati did not occur until nearly fourteen years later, but his splendour of life and princely virtues had already become a legend in Rome. It was with my mind full of memories of the gorgeous cardinal-bishop that I motored across the brown Campagna, through the Porta Furba, up to the little hill city, situated on the slope of the Alban hills, the episcopal palace of which has been inhabited by two English cardinals since the Reformation—Henry Stuart and Edward Howard.

Wiseman wrote about Frascati in the early part of the last century: "The diocese of Frascati was full when I knew it of the cardinal duke, all demonstrative of his singular goodness and simplicity of character, for whatever else may have been wanting for his title, to a royal heart he was no pretender. To my perhaps prejudiced mind even in November, 1911, Frascati seemed full of memories of the "cardinal Organi" as Henry Stuart was called by the peasants of his diocese, whose Latin tongues could not pronounce the name of the nothern city which gave birth to the first Christian Emperor of Rome.

TABLET TO "BONNIE PRINCE CHARLIE."

In the cathedral is a mural tablet erected by the Duke of York to his brother "Bonnie Prince Charlie," who died in Rome on the hundred and thirty-ninth anniversary of his great-grandfather's execution, at Whitehall. Pope Pious VI refused to allow the burial of the brilliant hero of the forty-five with royal honours within the walls of the Eternal City, so his brother caused his body, duly embalmed and regally vested, to be carried to Frascati, where in the cathedral church, it was temporarily buried with all the pomp befitting the unhappy monarch's final step into irrevocable exile.

The episcopal palace of La Rocca owes its present restored condition to an accident which occured in it during Cardinal Stuart's occupation of the See. He loved pomp and luxury in all its outward manifestations, and, at the conclusion of one of his great ecclesiastical ceremonies, he was giving a supper party to Cardinal Orsini and a train of dignitaries, when suddenly, without warning, the long, heavy beams that supported the flooring broke asunder with a crashing noise, and precipitated the host and his guests into the coach house below. The cardinal duke himself escaped unhurt, landing on the roof of one of his own coaches, as did Prince Orsini, but one unfortunate priest actually died from the injuries he received. Henry Stuart, after this unlucky termination to his supper party, determined to restore the dilapidated old feudal pile, and carried out his project with results that are to-day to be seen at Frascati.

SANTA MARIA DELLA MOLARA.

The royal Bishop of Frascati is seen under a more evangelical, though no less splendid aspect, when he determined to visit an obscure corner of his diocese, known as the Molara, where existed a settlement of labourers in squalid mud huts, so poor and savage as to be despised by even the miserable half-starved peasants of the Campagna. He proceeded in gorgeous procession to the wretched colony bearing the Sacrament under a golden canopy and initiated the rebuilding of the little church of Santa Maria Della Molara, which he furnished and endowed for the spiritual refreshment of these starving members of his flock who had been almost dazzled by his glittering appearance in their midst.

The distance between Rome and Frascati can be covered to-day with ease in a morning's motor car run. In the days of the Stuart cardinal there were never less than sixty horses ready for immediate use in the episcopal stables, either to draw the splendid royal coaches to and from St. Peter's, or to bring special dainties for a banquet, or when the cardinal had grown old and infirm, to bring guests to amuse him in his solitude. The long white road seemed to me in the dusk of evening to be whispering stories of the eighteenth century days that are past of the running footmen, the galloping six-horse coach of the cardinal prince, or the almost savage legends of his cunning lacqueys who left no trick unplayed to ensure the superior speed of their master's equipage to that of any other across that strange, mysterious Campagna with its romantic aspect of "a stricken sea," and its travel-tales of unexampled magnificence, in contrast to stationary hovel scenes of Dantesque squalor.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

A MEETING of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Pheroze C. Sethna, Chairman, presiding.

Consideration was given to an estimate forwarded by the Commissioner, amounting to Rs. 1,949, being the cost of constructing quarters, etc., for four grave-diggers at the Goanese Cemetery at Haines Road. The Commissioner in a covering letter stated that as there is no provision for this expenditure, he requested the sanction of the Standing Committee and the Corporation to an additional grant of the amount from surplus cash balance. He explained that these quarters were being provided, as the cemetery could not be used unless grave-diggers were provided with quarters and the Roman Catholic authorities had no funds to build them. They had to be erected therefore to allow the cemetery to be brought into use.

The necessary sanction was accorded.

SOCIALIST'S LIMIT OF LIFE.

Suicide Arranged Ten Years Ago.

The profound impression caused by the suicide of Paul Lafargue, the French veteran Socialist, and of his wife, who was a daughter of Karl Marx, and the business-like fashion in which they settled their affairs before taking their lives, has been deepened by the discovery made at the opening of the will.

Everybody believed Lafague to be extremely wealthy, and the modest life he lived with his wife at their pretty villa at Draveil was set down to miserliness. The will showed Lafargue to have died penniless, whilst house and orchard are mortgaged up to the hilt. He left only enough to pay the little legacies made to his faithful servants.

From what his executor says, Lafargue did not take his life in a moment of disgust with life but as the result of a carefully conceived plan, arranged in every detail a decade ago. Paul Lafargue was never a millionaire. Ten years ago he inherited a legacy of £6,640. "I am sixty years old," he then said, "For ten years, to come I believe I shall keep my suppleness of limb and activity of mind. Then I shall fall a victim to the sorrows of old age. I prefer not to face them. If death does not come to me, then I shall go to meet it. I give myself ten years to live, and in order to prevent them being overshadowed by sordid money worries I shall divide my legacy into ten equal parts. When my money is gone I shall go to."

From 1901 until November 26, 1911 Paul Lafargue and his wife, lived a peaceful existence in their little villa, the uneventfulness of their life being only disturbed by little Sunday gatherings of friends who assembled in the orchard to drink to the future state. The years passed and three weeks before the tragedy the old Socialist had still £100 left. The fatal day was close at hand, for Lafargue had several small legacies to provide for. Suddenly a friend called on him for a loan. "I must have £40 at one," he said. "Take it," replied Lafargue giving him the money, "and now good-bye." A week or two later Paul and Laura Lafargue had reached the goal they had said themselves ten years before.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE LOVE OF TAFFETAS.

No material has had a greater vogue in Paris this winter, a lady correspondent writes than taffetas, and it still continues. Nearly every woman going to Monte Carlo is providing herself with a taffetas dress to wear with a coat of the same material. Nothing looks better for a luncheon than this smart fabric, and it has other virtues also, for it does not shew dust and it is so easy and pleasant to walk in. Brown taffetas is the colour which is supposed to have the greatest cachet, but there is a lovely shade of bottlegreen which is very charming. Black is not so much in favour, but blue is still worn a good deal. A collar or ficbu of lace is necessary for trimming the corsage, and the waistbelt, be seen on some of the very best models is just a narrow flat band tied into a little stiff bow under the left arm. The corsages are bloused very simply; the sleeves are tight down the lower arm, but shew some fulness above the elbow, and many of the shoulders are cut without a seam. Very coarse lace in deep ecru laid on flat is good trimming for the skirt of a brown taffetas dress, and the collar and cuffs should be in finer lace of the same tint; but all trimming on taffetas should be used with restraint.

THE CASINO HAT.

The velvet picture hat in its latest mood is trimmed with beige feathers set sideways against the crown, so as to float backwards and upwards. White or grey feathers are not nearly so new as beige and one might add, lime-coloured ones. The hat is wide in the brim and moderately high in the crown, and is set up upon the head so as to shew the chignon behind. Next in favour to this come the high, soft straw toques trimmed with sprays of roses, and after them come the many shapes of taffetas or taffetas and straw. All the small hats have high crowns, no matter what they are made of, and they are still worn well down on the head, but not straight. They must have a tilt, and the side that runs up should shew a prettily arranged wave of hair. A veil softens these tall, close-fitting shapes a great deal and unless one is sweet eighteen, with a complexion like a rose petal, I should advise every one to wear a veil when so coiffe.

EVENING TOILETTES.

Evening toilettes at Monte Carlo allow of a wide licence, and in the "rooms" one sees "all sorts." The last time the writer was there, a little German lady was wearing brown boots, pink satin dress, violet velvet coat, and a hat of violet straw trimmed with pink roses. Not far away from her was a woman in the most perfect of Paquin dresses, with matchless pearls round her throat, and her hair dressed as only a really good maid knows how to do such things. As a happy medium, a great many women wear black and white evening dresses with very little jewellery, and some still wear hats, although the importance of evening coiffures this season will do away with them; in fact many a little evening bonnet is almost as important as a hat, and a real evening headdress is more in keeping with a low cut gown than a picture hat. On opera or concert nights toilettes at the Casino are much more brilliant than on ordinary occasions, and between the acts one sees a very gorgeous procession wending its way through the rooms to catch a glimpse of the players and to stake here and there a five-franc piece or a louis d'or. In the hotels themselves there is almost the same discrepancy of toilets as there is in the rooms, for Monte Carlo is essentially a "do as you please" place; but at Cimiez, Beaulieu, and other neighbouring towns every one must dress more or less, as there is always something going on—a dance, a concert, bridge parties, and the like. This means that women need a lot of clothes when they go south, as otherwise it is useless to attempt to follow the galeties of the place. Fortunately, clever women manage to make a good show with comparatively little, and with two or three chiffon tunics to the same underdress, or a train that will take on and off, many transformations may be worked at very small cost. A velvet gown may have a train of lace, or not. A satin slip of white or black may have at least three or four different tunics and scarves, and I know one smart girl who always has two lots of trimmings for her hats. The only thing which must be expensive is the tailor-made, and it must also be possessed in several different materials and colours. In fact, it is the last thing upon which to economise for a visit to the South of France, where one must be quite as well dressed for daytime festivities as for evening ones.

The most delicious cakes and pastries may be made with

"Paisley Flour"
(Trade Mark)
The SURE raising powder.

"Paisley Flour" cakes are both light and wholesome, and they are so digestible that they may be safely eaten just as they come, hot and fragrant, from the oven.

Use one part "Paisley Flour" to eight of ordinary flour.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street London. Established over 25 years.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Mark on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, "tous nos amis nous aiment." Of all Chemists and Stores, or post free 8s. from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTH AMPTON BUILDINGS

DIFFICULTIES AND DANGERS OF ARTIFICIAL INFANT FEEDING

ENTIRELY OVERCOME.

New Hope for Every Mother.

The difficulties of European mothers nursing their children in India are notorious.

Testimony is borne to this fact in the subjoined letter from a well-known physician writing from London.

This letter shows the very grave difficulties which attend the artificial feeding of infants, and the triumphant manner in which these difficulties may be overcome.

Moreover, there is no harassing period of anxiety for the mother to see if the food agrees with her little one. All doctors endorse the words of one of the first physicians to employ it. He wrote: "Albulactin agrees with every child to whom it is given."

Albulactin is the name of this new discovery, whose mode of action *The Medical Times* describes thus: "By the simple process of adding Albulactin to properly diluted and sweetened cow's milk, a fluid is obtained which is, to all intents and purposes, identical with human milk, and is not to be distinguished from it in its physiological and dietetic effects."

That statement has been endorsed by every important medical journal as well as by thousands of doctors.

Here is the letter of the doctor referred to. It is written to the proprietors of Albulactin :—

"You will be pleased to know I have heard from my sister-in-law, Mrs. M—, from India, to whom you kindly sent Albulactin. This is what she says :—'Your letter and advice were a god-send. I have acted on it, and baby has been so much better since I got Albulactin up from Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Chemists, Calcutta. Baby is much more comfortable after his feeds now, and lies and plays quite happily and sleeps much better; before, he used to be very unhappy after each feed, and whine and cry until he had brought up a lot of wind.

"'I shall persevere with Albulactin. The doctor here says he thinks I have struck the right thing now. I told him you had recommended it.

"'I had got another Dhai (wet nurse), the third one up from Agra, and after being here five days she went absolutely dry. So had to be sent away, and just after she left your letter came recommending Albulactin. It seems as though Providence had guided you to help me in this matter just when I was sorely worried.'

"I have quoted her letter at some length to show you how your preparation is appreciated, and also the important point that with the use of Albulactin the Dhai or wet nurse can be dispensed with in India. As very few European ladies are able to nurse their children in India, when the above fact is brought home to them it ought to be a valuable asset to your business in Albulactin."

Babies to whose bottle Albulactin is added never suffer from vomiting, wind, colic or diarrhœa; they never have curds in their motions, but are always as happy and healthy as when fed at the breast, and they grow up into rosy, strong, robust children.

HOW TO OBTAIN ALBULACTIN.

No mother who has to feed her baby artificially should fail to give him Albulactin, which can be obtained at all chemists and bazaars throughout India. A valuable book, entitled "King Baby: His Food and Health," giving full information on these all-important subjects, will be sent, free, to every mother who writes for it to Messrs. A. Wulfing & Co. (of London), P.O. Box 226, G.P.O. Bombay.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JAN. 3.

The disturbance from Persia has given a light snowfall in Kashmir, while the shallow depression which appeared yesterday in Sind has given a light rainfall in Baluchistan. The weather is again disturbed in Persia, and the conditions are also unsettled in Burma and the Andaman Sea where some rain has fallen.

The forecast show: Further precipitation is probable in the extreme north, and possible in Baluchistan and Burma.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT
FOR THE 3RD OF JANUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 3rd January, 1912, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in slight excess in the submontane districts; the minimum is above normal at Multan and Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Night temperature is in slight defect in the extreme southern districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in excess at Karachi and normal or in defect elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in excess except at Karachi; the minimum is above normal in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded in Kathiawar and clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is in excess at Bhuj and Dwarkar and either equal to or below the average at other stations. Day temperature is normal in west Central India and on the south Kathiawar Coast and in excess over the rest of the division.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in de ect in the extreme western districts. Minimum temperature is below normal at some stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are moderately clouded at Bombay and clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is in defect. Minimum temperature is below normal in Hyderabad and at Bijapur.

General Remarks.—The shallow depression which was entering upper Sind yesterday is shown to-day in the neighbourhood of Bikaner, but has had no effect on the weather in north-west India, where skies are clear. Weather has been rainless in the reporting area in India and Ceylon. Conditions appear to be unsettled in the Persian area; Bushire reports 0·58 in. of rain.

Dry weather is likely except possibly in Ceylon.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 9 a.m. (local time) 3rd January, was 30·003 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 13 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lowed by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

ALWAYS ASK FOR
ZIG-ZAG
BEST CIGARETTE PAPER

HIGH COURT—JANUARY, 4.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir Justice DAVAR.)

For Decree Absolute.

359-11—Nanu H and Co. Moreshwar Bapuji Kothare vs Vasant Keshaw Damle and another.

Testamentary Suit.

19-11—Payne and Co. Abdul Russool Bhuloo. vs Khairunnissabai widow and another. Matabhai J. and M. Dastur and Co.

Long Cause.

612-10—Bhaishanker K. and G. Mathuradas Vasanji Khimji. vs Narotamdas Thakoredas and others. Madhowji K. and C.

For Further Directions and Cost on Commissioner's Report.

331-07—Mulla and M. Domingo Noronha and others. vs Viscount de Wrem and others. D. J. Mantri.

692-10—Captain and V. Mahomed Yoonus Curtay and others. vs Kazi Ismail bin Kazi Goolamali Mehri and another. D. J. Mantri.

1029-10—Unwalla and P. Abdulla E. Mistry vs Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Thakurdas and Co.

For Hearing on Exceptions to Commissioner's Report.

269-11—Ardeshir H. D. and Co. Bhimji Bhanji. vs James Mitchell Tanish and others. Payne and Co.

Long Causes.

962-10—Manecklal and Co. Rattanal Assaria and Co. vs Turner Morrison and Co. Crawford B and Co.

927-09—Ardeshir H. D. and Co. Ebrahim Haji Mahomed and another. vs Khan Bahadur Hakim Mahomed Dayam and others. Payne and Co. Pestonjee R. K. and Co.

618-10—Mulla and M. Radhakisson Dwarkadas a firm. vs Motilal Jowanmal and others. Ardeshir H. D. and Co.

282-11—M. B. Chothia. Manchershaw Bamonji Chothia. vs T. B. Kantharia and others. Wadia G. and Co.

213-10—Payne and Co. Shavaksha Ruttanji Bomanji. vs Hugh Hagarth and sons a firm. Craigie B. and C.

780-05—Craigie B. and C. Vallabhdas Murlidhar. vs Raghunath Mahadev Tilak and others. In Person. Chitnis M. and K.

110-10—Ardashir H. D. and Co. Naradbhai Manoherdas and others, vs Sha Valabhji Bhica and others. Mulla and M.

391-09—Bhaishanker K. and G. Madhawji Luxmandas. vs Price Wills and Reeves a firm. Little and Co.

888-10—Malvi H. M. and R. Mangaldas Manecklal a firm. vs Gokuldas Atmaram a firm. Mirza M. and M.

1101-10—P. S. Batliwali. Jairam Doongersey. vs Diwabai widow. Tayabjee D. and Co.

345-10—Jamsedji R. and D. Sakarbai widow. vs Sakarchand Kessowji and others. Kanga and S.;

681-09—Payne and Co. Nawab Behram Jung. vs Haji Sultanally Shustry. Matubhai J and M.

631-10

BY THE WAY.

CALCUTTA.

There will be great regret in Calcutta, says the "Westminster Gazette," over the announcement made at the Durbar. It is a fine city. It extends along the river Hooghly for about five miles from north to south, stretching eastward for nearly two miles in the south, and in the north narrowing to half a mile. Adjacent to the city proper are extensive suburbs, which include the large town of Howrah, on the opposite side of the Hooghly, connected with Calcutta by a pontoon bridge. The Maidan is a great park lying along the river-bank for about one and a quarter miles. The fashionable European residential quarter lies east of the Maidan, the European business quarter in the north of it.

THE NEW CAPITAL.

Delhi, the new capital continues the same paper, is nearly 1,000 north-west of Calcutta. It was at one time the largest city in Hindustan, covering a space of twenty square miles and having a population of two millions. The present city abuts on the right bank of the Jamna, and is surrounded on three sides by a lofty stone wall, five and a half miles long, with ten gates. One of the most remarkable buildings in the city is the great mosque, built in the seventeenth century. Delhi is one of the oldest cities in India. During the Mutiny it was seized by the rebel Sepoys, who made it the centre of their operations. The present population is a little over 208,000.

KEW GARDENS.

The pre-eminence in the botanical world of Kew Gardens, where Sir Joseph Hooker spent thirty years of his life, dates from 1773. In the preceding year George III. was induced to send one of the Kew gardeners to the Cape of Good Hope, "providing his expenses do not exceed £200 a year," and he brought back 400 species of new plants. This collection, being entirely new to Europe, placed the gardens at Kew above all those on the Continent. Afterwards collectors were sent at the expense of the Government to India, China, Brazil, Fiji, Australia, and the Philippines. The results obtained at Kew are all the more creditable, as the authorities are handicapped by the barrenness of the soil.

THE LATE DR. NORMAN MACLEOD.

Dr. Norman Macleod, the ex-Moderator of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, who has just died, was a cousin of the great-hearted Norman Macleod. His father, the minister of Morven, was a man of gigantic stature, which was only partly the reason, however, for his being known as the "High Priest of Morven." His 6ft. 7in. would, no doubt, specially attract the notice of Tennyson, whose own father was a giant, and the Laureate, when he met the Highland minister, noted his "well-borne head." His son, whose loss the Church is at present lamenting, married a daughter of the House of Colquhoun of Luss, who survives him; her father was the author of "The Moor and the Loch," and her sister is Mrs. Walford, the novelist.

HOGARTH'S HOUSE AT CHISWICK.

It may not be generally known that Hogarth's country house at Chiswick is preserved entire to his memory. In an article on the artist in the "Architectural Review" it is stated that a brass plate over the door is to this effect: "The house was purchased in 1892 by Lieut.-Colonel Shipway in order to save it from being demolished, and by restoring the building he has preserved it to the Nation and to the Art World in memory of the Genius that once lived and worked within its walls." It was in 1749 that Hogarth acquired the house at Chiswick, his town residence being at the corner of Leicester Fields. Between these two houses he spent most of his life—usually passing the summer months at Chiswick. The garden as it stands is somewhat abridged of its former dimensions; the stable and painting-room have disappeared; but one important feature remains. This is the mulberry tree, under whose shade he entertained the little foundlings put out to nurse at Chiswick. Hogarth's marriage was childless, and his affection went out to stranger children.

HIS EPITAPH.

Hogarth died at the age of sixty-seven at his house in Leicester Fields, where he had gone in a weak state after an illness. The funeral was at Chiswick. His tombstone bears the following inscription:

Farewell, great Painter of Mankind!
Who reach'd the noblest point of art;
Whose pictured morals charm the mind,
And through the Eye, correct the Heart.
If Genius fire thee, Reader, stay;
If Nature touch thee, drop a Tear;
If neither move thee, turn away,
For Hogarth's honoured dust lies here.

These lines were written by his friend David Garrick.

MR. J. A. BRYCE ON CHRISTIAN MISSIONS

The Right Hon. J. A. Bryce, British Ambassador at Washington, has an article in the first number, just out, of the "International Review of Missions" (Henry Frowde), on "The Impressions of a Traveller Among Non-Christian Races." He holds that no traveller of an observant eye and an impartial mind who passes among those uncivilised non-Christian races in which missionaries are now at work can fail to be struck by the immense improvement which they have wrought in the condition of the people, and which often is quite irrespective of the number of actual converts who have been formed into Christian congregations. The work done in the way of education in the Turkish East and in India, not to speak of regions like South Africa and the Pacific Islands, gives evidence, says Mr. Bryce, of the excellence of the work and the claims which it has upon the support of the Christian world.

THE OFFENDING WHITE MAN.

Mr. Bryce, in the course of his article, refers to the fact that, in spite of all that Governments can do, the action of private white men who go among the natives often disgraces the Christian name, and their conduct constantly hinders or retards the good work which the strongest and most enlightened Governments desire to do as well as that of the "missionaries". The work of bearing the white man's burden too often takes the form of filling the white man's pocket. It is no wonder that the behaviour of men who are nominally Christians—Christians by profession if not in practice—has checked, and still checks, the progress of Christianity. Thoughtful men from non-Christian countries will sometimes tell us that they and their fellow-countrymen have, when drawn towards Christianity, been repelled by seeing how little influence it seems to have over the conduct of its nominal adherents. "The missionary comes preaching the gospel of peace and love," adds Mr. Bryce, "but when the natives see the rapacity and injustice of men professing the religion which the missionary preaches, the preachings lose their power.

A CRITICAL TIME.

Mr. Bryce further points out that the age in which we are now living is a critical time. European races have obtained the control of nearly the whole world, and our material civilisation is telling, as it never told before, upon every one of the non-Christian peoples. Their ideas and beliefs and worships are being broken up and destroyed, and "unless the backward races receive some new moral basis of life, some beliefs and precepts by which they can live, something to control their bad impulses and help them to form worthy conceptions of life and work, their last state will be worse than the first. And what we give we must give by example as well as by precept. "There is," Mr. Bryce adds, "a needed revival of the true spirit of the Gospel among Christian nations, in order that they should fulfil their Christian obligations to those who are passing under their control and influence."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE TWO SERVICES.

"WARSHIPS AND THEIR STORY."

Naval literature is distinctly enriched by Mr. E. A. Fletcher's "Warships and Their Story" a fitting contemporary to Mr. Kebbs Chatterton's "Steamships and Their Story." A history of the ships of war, dating back some 6,000 years B. C. to the latest word in Dreadnought, that has materialised on the building slips, is bound to be fascinating to a nation which proudly proclaims itself mistress of the sea, and in Mr. Fletcher's handsome volume, with its eighty full-page plates, the fascination develops into impelling interests as the author unfolds the story of warship progress among the nations of the world. Mr. Fletcher has wisely avoided, as far as possible, the employment of technical language, and thereby has provided pleasure and profit to readers of "Warships and Their Story" who are not versed in the glossary of such technicalities as those connected with the equipment of modern mastodons. The work is consequently educative to the non-expert, while at the same time possessing much interest for those concerned in the designing, construction, and fitting out of warships no less than for others whose vocation is on the sea. Mr. Fletcher's prediction that the scientific development in ships of war cannot be arrested, and that at no distant date, the Orion—for which the whole of the fleet that bombarded Alexandria would be no match—will possess a doubtful fighting value compared with the battleship of the future, agrees with the general opinion that the end of warship development has not yet been reached with the improved King George V. class, which are about to be laid down. Lavishly written and beautifully illustrated "Warships and Their Story" deserves a honoured place in at least every naval and reference library.

TRAINING OFFICERS IN THE FRENCH NAVY.

France has at last awakened to the fact that if she would not descend lower in the list of first-class naval powers, she must not only build Dreadnoughts, but that she must also set about reorganising the personnel of her Navy. With a real live Minister of Marine like M. Delcasse this fact was bound to be discovered sooner or later, and the French, much as they owe him already, will have their obligation to their prominent citizen and dethroned War Minister increased, if M. Delcasse keeps in office long enough to carry through all the naval reforms he appears to have set his heart on. At present instruction to the officers of the French Fleet comprises three periods, viz., the preparatory period, on first entry, the subsequent development of special knowledge, and lastly, the preparation for command, which is given in the superior naval Ecole. The establishments responsible for each of these respective stages of instruction are to be overhauled and provided with new programmes, more adapted to modern requirements. The same attention is likewise to be given to the programmes of the gunnery and torpedo schools, which are being revised so as to give officers a thorough course of theoretical and practical instruction, in which the one will form the proper complement to the other. Officers will not, as hitherto, pass into the Ecole Superieure without any kind of test, for not only will there in future, be a test for entry, but a further, examination in the various subjects in which instruction has been given will be held when the officers have finished their course; and from the result of this latter they will be classified. The system, though not following closely the British model, is intended to give the naval officers of France a better general knowledge of all engineering and executive subjects than they receive at present.

ADVANCE IN POWER WITH PRIMARY GUNS.

It was to be expected that, once a start was made with a 13.5 gun of modern build to fill the role of our earlier guns of this pattern carried, by our Ironclads of a generation ago, that rapid progress would be made in its development. It took only a comparatively small period of years to advance from the earliest type of 12-in. gun, weighing only 45 tons, with a 714lb. shot, to the later pattern, weighing close upon 70 tons, although the whole series now fire a projectile of the same weight—viz., 850lb. With the new 13.5in. gun however, we appear to be about to leap from a projectile weighing, 1,250lb. to one weighing about 1,400lb., which will be quite as easily handled with hydraulic machines. This is a very important development in the early stages of the life of this new and powerful piece of naval ordnance, and will bring us more in line with the German gun-makers, who generally use a larger projectile, in proportion to the calibre of their pieces, than are used by us, their 12.01-in. guns, for instance, firing a shell weighing 981lb. as against the 850lb. of our 12-in.; while their older 11-in. guns use short weighing as much as 760.6lb., and secure a muzzle velocity of 2,835 feet per second as against a velocity of 3,000 feet by our latest 12-in. guns. With a 1,250lb. projectile our new 13.5, Mark I., gun has a muzzle velocity of 2,821 feet, and it will be interesting for the gunnery men of the Fleet to learn the amount of muzzle velocity claimed by the makers of the improved 12.5-in. weapon which is to fire the 1,400lb. projectile. The 14-in. Elswick gun fires a shell weighing 1,700lb. and secures a muzzle velocity of 2,750 feet per second. The weight of the Coventry Ordnance Company's new 14-in. gun is about 81 tons.

MILITARY AVIATION.

Some interesting replies have been given by Colonel Seely to questions put with regard to the aeronautical position of the Army. He stated that the army Aircraft Factory would be utilised for experimental work and repairs to aeroplanes; that purchased foreign types would not necessarily be copied wholesale by the factory; and that the question as to whether the factory should be used for the production of aeroplanes on a large scale was under consideration. He further stated that the adoption of aeroplanes did not involve the abandonment of dirigible balloons, which would be used for the purpose for which they were originally intended, and that in the forthcoming tests it was considered desirable to restrict the competition to a machine capable of carrying two persons, and single seaters would receive attention later. With regard to the grant of £75, this would only be allowed to officers who were selected for aviation work, and either had or obtained subsequently a pilot's certificate. Every officer so selected would be attached to the Air Battalion for a further course before being appointed as an Army aviator, and selection would be made upon the recommendation of commanding and medical officers.

EMPLOYED MEN.

M. Messimy, the French Minister of War, while still a Deputy, pointed out an important reform which had been effected in the French Army in recent years. Ten years ago the peace strength of the Army was 562,000; it is now 555,000, plus 40,000 men of the "Services Auxiliaires." These latter are employed in non-combatant duties formerly performed by the troops, and there is no doubt that the efficiency of the men in the ranks has been greatly improved by relieving them of these duties. In the British Army there is an immense number of employed men who are exempt even from annual training, and are quite unfit to take their places in the ranks of the company. The chaplain's orderly, the soda-water machine man, the institute librarian, and the cricket-ground man are very estimable persons, but they are not soldiers. Our own forces are so small that we cannot spare men for permanent duties, such as firing the time gun, which might equally well be performed by pensioners. If we had a corps of old soldiers to undertake the garrison duties of every large station, such as printing the orders, finding orderlies, servants, and grooms for the staff, and digging the General's garden, we should no longer see ten-file companies on the commanding officer's parade.

THE AMERICAN ARMY.

The report of Mr. Stimson, the United States Secretary of War, is not favourable to the American Army. In spite of high pay and the enlistment of recruits of excellent physique, Mr. Stimson declares that war with a first-class Power would find the United States "practically unprepared." A powerful navy will not of itself decide the fate of nations. The American Army, good as far as it goes, has no reserves. The expense per rifleman is between two and five times as much as in the army of any first-class Power in Europe or Asia, owing, says Mr. Stimson, to the extravagance involved in the wide distribution of the Army. Mr. Stimson advocates the reduction of the term of enlistment to three years, so as to allow as many men as possible to undergo Army training and to build up a force of citizen soldiery. It is extremely difficult, however, to build up an army without compulsory training or service except at enormous cost.

—"And you must take Sanatogen regularly for several weeks"

This urgent advice is given by physicians every day, in every civilised country, to sufferers from Nervous Debility, Brain-fag, Lack of Vitality, Sleeplessness, Disordered Digestion, Poverty of Blood and various Wasting Diseases.

Physicians know that Sanatogen is a true scientific compound of organic phosphorus and pure concentrated proteid, forming a new substance which is eagerly and completely absorbed by the tissues and possesses unique tonic and reconstructive qualities.

The Supreme Restorative.

Physicians can speak from experience of the great recuperative effects which Sanatogen has upon the brain, nerves, blood and muscles. They have watched its revivifying action upon people whose nervous strength has been depleted by overwork, worry or disease. They have noted how Sanatogen gives lasting benefit, how it regenerates the appetite and digestion, brings back the bloom to the cheek, replaces wakeful nights by sound refreshing sleep—in short, enables the human machinery to perform its functions so perfectly that the patient loses his depression of spirits, gains confidence and courage, and finds life again worth living.

Fighting Malaria and Dysentery.

Apart from its value as a general tonic Sanatogen is of the greatest service to the physician in fighting Malaria, Dysentery and other scourges of tropical climates.

On this subject, Dr. H. H. W. H., of Babugarah, United Provinces, writes:—"I have much pleasure in certifying to the value of Sanatogen in cases of Dysentery, Enteric Fever and other exhausting diseases. I have used it regularly in my practice for the past two years, and in no single instance have I been disappointed with its results. I can honestly affirm that many of my worst cases owe their recovery to Sanatogen, and I certainly consider it the best of artificial foods."

Try Sanatogen To-day.

At the head offices of the manufacturers of Sanatogen there are filed more than fourteen thousand letters from practising physicians who certify to the value of Sanatogen. Truly a magnificent monument to the value of this unique tonic-food!

But no less impressive is the enthusiastic testimony of patients themselves. Thousands of well-known people in every walk of life have publicly testified to the wonderful benefits they have received from Sanatogen, and a few of their letters are reproduced here.

Begin to take Sanatogen to-day, and thus lay the foundation of new health and nerve force. You can get Sanatogen at all chemists and bazaars:

The Hon. Mr. Justice Robertson, Judge of the Supreme Court, Lahore, Punjab, writes:—"My experience with Sanatogen has been very favourable. I took it for some months during the most trying season of the year, and found it a great strengthener."

Sir Charles A. Cameron, C.B., M.D., etc., writes:—"Sanatogen is a substance of the highest nutritive value, containing as it does a large amount of organic phosphorus, in exactly the form in which it can be easily absorbed. It is an excellent nerve food."

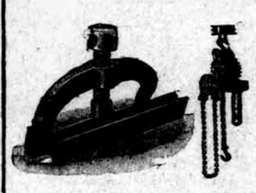
Mr. Shirley Tremearne, Editor of "Capital," 98, Clive Street, Calcutta, writes:—"I cannot speak too highly of Sanatogen, it not only kept me up during a sharp attack of fever, but afterwards restored me once more to full vigour. In fact, I was better and stronger after this course of Sanatogen than before the attack."

"The Medical Times" says:—"There is no doubt whatever that the nutrition of patients taking Sanatogen improves wonderfully, due, in all probability, to its being easy of assimilation and to the organic absorbable phosphorus which it contains."

Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P., the popular Novelist, writes:—"20, Carlton House Terrace, S.W.—I have used Sanatogen with extraordinary benefit. It is to my mind a true food tonic, feeding the nerves, increasing the energy, and giving fresh vigour to the overworked body and mind."

Prof. Dr. C. A. Ewald, of Berlin University, writes: "I have used Sanatogen in a number of cases, mainly of a nervous or neurasthenic origin, and have obtained excellent results."

YOUNGS, RYLAND STREET WORKS, BIRMINGHAM ENGLAND.



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Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
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VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing-down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually recommended, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture, for the sake of extra profit. Price in Jamaica, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicine. Price 10 annas Post Free.

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PICKLES, SOUPS, JAMS, JELLIES, POTTED MEATS, MALT VINEGAR, SALAD OIL.

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MUSIC is an unfailing joy in every house.

A CHEERFUL HOME to rest in gives a CLEAR HEAD FOR WORK.

The best thing your home can offer you is the opportunity to enjoy the

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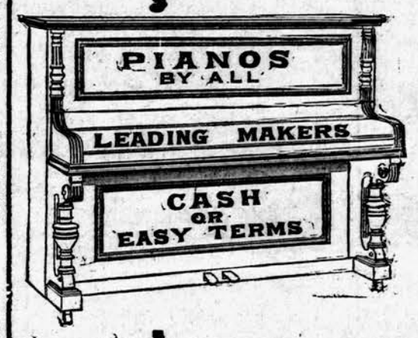

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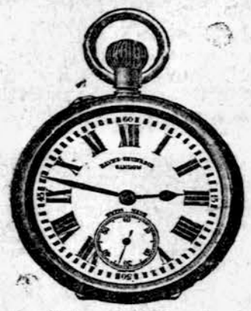

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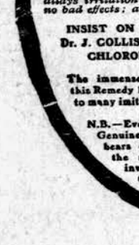

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